

Little Crow Solar Park, Scunthorpe

ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT: TECHNICAL APPENDICES

APPENDIX 8.4

ARCHAEOLOGICAL FIELDWALKING SURVEY

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SUMMARY

Project Name: Little Crow Solar Park, Scunthorpe, DN20 0BG

Location: Santon, Scunthorpe, North Lincolnshire

NGR: 494064 410261

Type: Fieldwalking Survey

Date: 10 – 21 September 2018

Location of Archive: North Lincolnshire Museum

Site Code: LCRO 18

An archaeological fieldwalking survey was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology in September 2018 on land at Santon, Scunthorpe. The fieldwalking was undertaken to inform the heritage chapter of an Environmental Statement to support a Development Consent Order application for a proposed solar PV array to be known as Little Crow Solar Park.

Fieldwalking was undertaken across three areas totalling *c*.53.25 Ha, a 24.4% sample by area of the 225Ha <u>Order Limits</u>. The survey recorded over 19 Kg of artefacts of which most were of post-medieval and modern date and are of little archaeological significance. Only 4.4% by weight of the finds assemblage recorded from the survey is of archaeological interest and significance and only 49, or 3.6%, of the 1372, 20m runs from the survey contained archaeologically significant finds.

By far the majority of the significant finds were from the south of the site and comprise nine of the 11 pieces of Neolithic/Bronze Age worked flint that were recovered, as well as 23, or 74%, of the 31 runs that produced 12th to 16th century pottery.

A very small assemblage, 2% by weight, of Roman material recorded. This comprised locally-made greyware pottery from the north and south

areas of the site. A small collection of possible Roman ceramic building material, weighing 426g, was recorded from the south-central area of the site. Some may be fragments of Roman roof tiles or *tegulae*. However, because of their abraded and fragmentary condition the fragments could easily be of post-medieval date.

By far the greatest component of the archaeologically significant finds assemblage from the site comprised 35 sherds of 12th to 16th century pottery, which totals 50% of the archaeologically significant finds assemblage. The majority of the medieval and early post-medieval pottery was recorded from the southern part of the proposed development area, but also to a lesser degree to the immediate south of the site of Gokewell Priory, a Cistercian holding established in the 12th century and suppressed at The Dissolution of the Monasteries between 1536 and 1541. The date range of the medieval and early post-medieval pottery fits closely with the life span of the Priory and these material spreads are probably derived from the manuring of arable fields.

The greatest quantity, 91% by weight, of material collected from the current fieldwalking survey was post-medieval or modern in date and comprised various building and settlement/domestic waste with no archaeological significance.

Overall, the quantity of archaeologically significant material recovered during the survey was low, with no clear concentrations of artefactual material having been recovered.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Aerial photograph (APs): Photographs taken from the air and used to identify archaeological sites either by low light for upstanding monuments or by differential crop growth on sites within arable fields (cropmarks).

Archaeology: The scientific study of past human life and change through analysis of material remains.

Artefact: An object or part of an object which has been used or created by a human and provides physical clues to the activity carried out by humans in the area of discovery.

Assemblage: a group of artefacts found together in a single context such as a grave or pit.

Fieldwalking: a method of evaluation that is a systematic observation of the ground surface during which the recovery of artefacts is undertaken.

Historic environment: All aspects of the environment resulting from the interaction between people and places through time, including all surviving physical remains of past human activity, whether visible, buried or submerged, and landscaped and planted or managed flora.

Written scheme of investigation: a written statement on the project's objectives, methods, timetable and resources providing the framework for the execution of the project, normally prepared by an archaeological organisation undertaking the fieldwork, and approved by the Local Planning Authority's archaeological advisor.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In September 2018 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological fieldwalking survey for INRG Solar (Little Crow) Ltd on *c*. 53ha of land (24.4% of the proposed development area) at Santon, Scunthorpe, Lincolnshire (hereafter referred to as the 'Site'), centred at NGR: 494064 410261. The fieldwalking survey was undertaken following pre-application advice from Alison Williams, Historic Environment Officer, North Lincolnshire Council (HEONLC). The survey results are to inform the heritage chapter of a forthcoming Environmental Statement to support a Development Consent Order for a proposed solar PV array. The proposed development is a 'Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project' (NSIP).
- The evaluation was carried out in accordance with an agreed Written Scheme of Investigation (CA 2018), approved by the HEONLC, the archaeological advisor to the Local Planning Authority (LPA), North Lincolnshire Council. The fieldwork also followed Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation (CIfA 2014).

The Site

1.3 The proposed <u>Order Limits</u> area is approximately 225 Ha in extent, and comprises a number of arable fields lying along a north/south limestone ridge lying at *c*.60m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) and extending downslope westwards to *c*. 25m (aOD). The lower-lying, valley bottom, area includes pasture with natural springlines and contains the Bottesford Beck watercourse. Small areas of coppice woodland and hedgerows demarcate many of the field boundaries. The Site is also traversed by a number of farm tracks running along

the ridge and the valley bottom, giving access to the various fields from the nearby public highways.

1.4 The Site is situated in an area with complex, transitional geological strata. The bedrock geology of the area is mapped as comprising limestone and (subequal/subordinate) argillaceous rocks of the Raventhorpe Beds and Scawby Limestone, sandstone of the Northampton Sand Formation and in the southern part of the Site mudstone and limestone of the Kirton Cementstone Beds, and ferruginous limestone and ferruginous sandstone of the Marlstone Rock Formation. In the central and western part of the Site these are overlain by superficial deposits of the Charmouth Mudstone Formation and Whitby Mudstone Formation (BGS 2018), and sand of the Sutton Sand Formation.

2. ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

Desk Based Assessment (Fig. 2)

2.1 The Site has been the subject of a Cultural Heritage Baseline Study or desk based assessment and earthwork survey (Pegasus Group 2018; 7.30 LC TA8.1) and the following section utilises information contained in that report. One area of specific prehistoric archaeological potential has been identified within the Site in the centre of the Field 11/12 fieldwalking area (Fig. 4). It comprises the cropmark of a possible round barrow (Neolithic/Early Bronze – 4000 – 1500 BC). A second barrow ring-ditch was also recorded in the geophysical survey in Field 14 (see below), an area which was not part of the current survey. A number of poorly-located flint artefacts are also recorded from the wider area, while the Sutton Sand Formation (cover sands/ blown sands) have the potential to contain or mask prehistoric lithic material.

- A former Cistercian nunnery known as Gokewell Priory, was 2.2 located in the northern part of the Site and was excluded from the present fieldwalking survey area. Gokewell Priory was established in the 12th century and dissolved in the 16th century. Gokewell Priory Farm was built on the site of the Priory between the late 17th and early 19th century and material from the former Priory may have been used during the construction of the farm. Gokewell Priory Farm was itself abandoned and demolished in the late 20th century. It is probable but unproven that the below-ground remains of the medieval Priory and post-medieval Farm are located within the northern part of the Site. However, the core of the Priory, where the later farm buildings were constructed, is not proposed for the location of solar panels. However, there is potential for below-ground remains of ancillary structures and features associated with the Priory to be present within the areas proposed for development.
- 2.3 Beyond the site of the former Gokewell Priory, there is no proven evidence for medieval activity within the Site aside from possible medieval stockade enclosures recorded as cropmarks in the Field 18/19 fieldwalking area. No above-ground remains of ridge and furrow earthworks survive within the Site although ridge and furrow is noted in the North Lincolnshire Historic Environment Record (NLHER) in Fields 5 and 18/19. These references refer to historic aerial photograph evidence of earthwork features or cropmarks/soilmarks subsequently totally removed by modern ploughing.
- 2.4 The Site also contains a slight, ovoid, possible earthwork enclosure of unknown date, evident from a LiDAR survey of the Site and preserved partly within the woodland of Little Crow Covert (Field 8a), which may extend west, into the adjacent field. However, it is

not visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs of the field to the west.

2.5 Within the southern portion of the Site (Field 18/19) are the records of two cropmarks of possible enclosures, one square and one ovoid. These sites are located to the north of Manby deserted medieval village (DMV), which lays immediately south of the Site boundary. Due to their size and location, they are most likely to be medieval stock enclosures, although they may also be of geological origin. Analysis of aerial photographs has also indicated the presence of two partial circular cropmarks of unknown origin within the same field. An undated limestone wall was recorded adjacent to the B1027 in the north-eastern part of the Site. Potential belowground remains relating to a former WWII Heavy Anti-Aircraft Battery in the eastern portion of the Site (Field 12) could also potentially survive.

Geophysical Survey (Fig. 3)

2.6 Prior to the current fieldwalking survey a geophysical survey (Sumo Survey 2018; 7.31 LC TA8.2) was undertaken across the Site to assess the potential of the Site to contain sub-surface features of archaeological significance. A total of 16 (1 – 16) geophysical anomalies were listed in the survey results. A second ring-ditch anomaly (1) was recorded in Field 14 which comprised a sub-circular anomaly of *c*.14m diameter. In the north-east of Field 7 a long curvilinear anomaly (2) was recorded extending over *c*.400m and beyond the north and east boundaries of the field. Although interpreted as a more recent field boundary (Sumo Survey 2018, 3) the anomaly does not correlate with historic mapping evidence and is not reported on the NLHER or DBA (Pegasus Planning 2018; 7.30 LC TA8.1). Similar ditch-like anomalies (3, 4) have been recorded in Fields 20 and 17 respectively which also do not appear

in the NLHER and DBA, probably because they have not appeared as cropmarks/soilmarks in historic aerial photographs of the Site.

- 2.7 A series of rectilinear and linear anomalies (5) were recorded in Field 20 in the south-east of the Site. Although classed as of 'uncertain origin' (Sumo Survey 2018, 4; 7.31 LC TA8.2) the anomalies have a rectilinear and linear distribution perhaps redolent of later prehistoric later field systems and or settlement/farmstead evidence. However, they are also very similar to anomalies with a geological 'signature' which are typically produced from limestone fracturing (op cit). Several linear trends and other linear, ditch-like an anomalies (7) have been recorded in Fields 3, 5, 6, 10, 14, 17, 18/19.
- 2.8 In addition, a relatively large number of linear anomalies (Fig. 3 no's 8 16) have been recorded across the Site from the geophysical survey, some of which correlate with former field boundaries recorded on historic mapping for the Site. However, some of this group of anomalies are curvilinear or are on markedly differing alignments to the prevailing 'grain' of the land divisions evident not only from the geophysical survey but also historic mapping, aerial photographic and LiDAR evidence (Pegasus Planning 2018; 7.30 LC TA8.1).

3. AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

3.1 The objectives of the fieldwalking survey are to provide information about the likely archaeological resource within the Site, including its presence/absence, character, extent and date. Combined with the results of other archaeological investigations carried out on the Site, including a desk-based heritage assessment and earthwork survey (Pegasus Group 2018; 7.30 LC TA8.1) and a geophysical

survey (Sumo Survey 2018; 7.31 LC TA8.2), this information will enable HEONLC to identify and assess the significance of the heritage resource within the Site, to consider the impact of the proposed development upon that significance, and to avoid or minimise conflict between conservation of the heritage resource and any aspect of the development proposal, in line with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (MHCLG 2018).

4. METHODOLOGY

- 4.1 The fieldwalking survey was undertaken across three areas, totalling 53.25ha, within the overall 2225ha Site (Fig. 1). Land within the Gokewell Priory exclusion zone was not included in the survey.
- The fields walked within the Site were individually numbered and correspond with the field numbers used for the earlier geophysical survey (Sumo Survey 2018; 7.31 LC TA8.2), A series of 20m transects were established within the individual fields using a Leica GPS. Fieldwalking transects were marked out on Site using temporary markers such as canes and flags, in accordance with *CA Technical Manual 4: Survey Manual* (2012). Fieldwalking transects were generally aligned parallel to the longest boundary of the individual field being surveyed and were spaced at 20m intervals (Runs). Transects will be tied in to the OS grid and will be assigned numeric identifiers for hectare and run numbers.
- 4.3 The fieldwalking team walked the transects/runs and observed 2m-wide corridors centred on each individual transect as a basis for artefact collection.

- 4.4 The length of each transect was subdivided into 20m 'Runs'. Artefacts recovered from each individual 20m Run were bagged together. Bags were marked with the CA site code (LCRO18), the Field Number, the Hectare Number and the Run Number (e.g. SITE CODE, Field 1, Ha.65, Run 1-25). All designated hectares contained 25 runs (maximum) that were numbered sequentially (1-25) from the south to the north and the west to the east i.e. from the south-west to the north-east corners of each numbered hectare.
- 4.3 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their offices in Andover and Milton Keynes respectively. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the finds will be deposited with North Lincolnshire Museum along with the site archive. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix B, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

5. **RESULTS (FIGS 2 - 4)**

- 5.1 This section provides an overview of the fieldwalking results including detailed summaries of the fields. This includes information on geology, topography and ground conditions and archaeological visibility. The finds assemblage is reported on below in Section 6 and detailed in Appendix A.
- 5.2 The fieldwalking survey covered three separate areas of the Site, including a southern area (Field 18/19) and central area (Field 11/12) and a northern area (Fields 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11 and 12). The northern area included an exclusion zone around the site of the 12th century Cistercian Priory and later farmstead of Gokewell Priory/Farm, which was not fieldwalked.

Field 3

5.3 This field is situated in the lower-lying, relatively flat, western part of the Site, lying at *c*.27.8m (aOD). The field was demarcated by hedgerows to the west and east and by a metalled farm track and large field boundary/drainage ditch, separating it from Field 8 and a small coppice (Field 8a). The soil was characterised by dark grey fine sand, friable and loose with very occasional sub-angular and angular limestone fragments (<60mm). The archaeological visibility was generally very good but was very poor for Hectare (Ha) No.54 because of the 80-90% coverage in this part of the field. Of the 23 runs undertaken four (17.4%) contained artefacts, none of which were of archaeological significance.

Field 4

- 5.4 This Field lay at the north-west corner of the Site and mostly comprised a relatively flat terrace below the high ridge of the east of the Site, generally lying at c.41.8m (aOD). However, the north-western extent of the field dipped moderately steeply down to the north and west to c. 31.5 to 32m (aOD). The north, west and east sides of the fieldwalking area were defined by a metalled farm track whilst to the south it was bounded by the north side of the exclusion area surrounding the Gokewell Priory/Farm site.
- 5.5 The soil was characterised by a mid brown fine sand which was loose and friable and prone to aeolian translocation. Some areas were moderate to good visibility because of a very slight crop cover but were mostly excellent. This was because of the particularly light nature of the soil which had been excellently weathered and coarse components, including artefacts, being 'winnowed' to the surface through rain and wind action. Of the 65 runs undertaken 15 (23.1%) contained artefacts of which the only find of archaeological

significance was a piece of ?Roman brick/tile (127g) from the north-west of Ha.107.

Field 5

- 5.6 This field extended from the high ridge of the Site along its eastern boundary down to a relatively low-lying and relatively flat terrace that also included most of Field 4 to the west. The lower-lying terrace, which included the western three hectares (Ha. 101-103) was situated at *c*.42m (aOD) and rose gradually from the east side of Ha.101-103 to *c*. 59.5 to 62m (aOD) on the high north/south ridge running through the Site. The field was defined by a hedgerow to the east and a metalled farm track to the north, west and south. The south-west of the fieldwalking area of the field was also demarcated by quite a large part of the Gokewell Priory/Farm exclusion area.
- 5.7 The soil in the western, lower-lying area of the field was markedly different from that of the east side of the field on the ridge. In the lower area the soil was identical to that for Field 4 to the immediate west. The eastern part of the field comprised a light yellowish-brown fine sandy clay with very occasional sub-angular and angular limestone (<80mm). Of the 120 runs undertaken 31 (25.8%) contained artefacts. The only artefact of archaeological significance was a small piece (10g) of possible Roman ceramic building material (CBM).

Field 6

5.8 This field was wholly located just below the crest, slightly on the west side of the high north/south ridge running along the centre of the Site. Although all situated on the ridge the ground was gently undulating, including a relatively low, east/west aligned landscape feature (coombe) running across the centre of the field. The higher

ground lay at c. 63 – 64m (aOD) and the lower 'coombe' area at c. 62m (aOD). The field also sloped gently down to the western field boundary which laid at c.62m (aOD).

- 5.9 The narrow strip of the fieldwalking area was demarcated by a hedgerow boundary to the east, and a metalled farm track to the north and the south. The agreed eastern extent of the fieldwalking survey area demarcated the east side of the Field 6 fieldwalking area.
- 5.10 The soil was characterised by a light yellowish-brown silty clay with very occasional sub-angular and angular limestone and sub-rounded chert cobbles (<80mm). The overall archaeological visibility was excellent with good weathering of the soil surface although the clayey soil matrix resulted in moderate to common clods (<80mm). There was a very slight crop coverage (<5%) across the eastern 20m runs of the field. Of the 79 runs undertaken 14 (17.7%) contained artefacts, none of which were of archaeological significance.

Field 8

- 5.11 This relatively flat field laid wholly in the lower-lying, north-western part of the Site, generally at *c*. 27.8m (aOD). The field was bounded by a hedgerow to the south, a metalled farm track to the west and north and a small coppice (Field 8a) to the east.
- 5.12 The soil was characterised by a dark grey fine sand, friable, loose with very occasional sub-angular and angular limestone (<80mm). The archaeology visibility was very poor because of 80-90% ground coverage by crop. Between the crop the soil was very well weathered and the light soil had led to a 'winnowing' of coarse components and artefacts to the surface leading to excellent

archaeological visibility in the patches where the crop was absent. Of the 50 runs undertaken 19 (38%) contained artefacts, none of which were of archaeological; significance.

Field 10

- 5.13 Field 10 was one of the largest fieldwalking areas of the survey, a sub-rectangular east/west aligned area, lying predominantly on the lower-lying terrace of the Site, rising gently to the east to the high ridge. The western area of the Field dips down gently to the north and the west from c.42.5m (aOD) to c.30m (aOD). From the mideast part of the Field, lying at c.48m (aOD) the ground rises up to c. 55 56m (aOD) towards the ridge line. The Field was bounded by a small coppice (Field 8a) to the west, hedgerow boundaries to the south and east and the Gokewell Priory/Farm exclusion area to the north. A metalled farm track also ran across the north-west and south-eastern extents of the field.
- 5.14 The soil was characterised by a light brown fine sand which was friable and loose and prone to being windblown and 'winnowed'. Because of the lack of crop coverage and the aeolian 'winnowing', all coarse components (mostly modern waste fragments e.g. plastic, textile, wood, coal, clinker, metal, ceramics, glass) had weathered to the surface. Consequently, archaeological visibility over nearly all the Field was excellent, with a loose 'powdery' character to the soil. However, the east of Ha. 67, and the south of Ha. 68, 70 and 72 were 100% covered by crop and were unavailable for fieldwalking. Of the 269 runs undertaken 70 (26%) contained artefacts, of which 10 runs contained two worked flint flakes (6507, 7103), a sherd of local greyware Roman pottery (24g) in the north-east (7303) and seven runs with 12th 16th century pottery. The latter were located mainly in the middle and

eastern parts of the field, particularly close to the southern boundary of the exclusion area of the Gokewell Priory site.

Field 11

- 5.15 Two separate areas of this particular field were fieldwalked. The area in the very north of the field has been ascribed to Field 11, whereas the area including two contiguous Fields 11 and 12, separated by a north/south farm track has been designated Field 11/12, the results of the latter are detailed below.
- 5.16 The Field 11 area comprised a thin rectangular area of land demarcated to the west, north and east by hedgerow field boundaries demarcating the whole field. The southern extent was delineated by the extent of the agreed fieldwalking survey. The land dropped gradually down from a high at the east end, lying at c. 56m (aOD), down to c. 43 to 44m (aOD) in the west.
- 5.17 The soil was characterised by light brown fine sand, friable, loose and 'powdery' in consistency. It contained very occasional angular and sub-angular limestone inclusions (<80mm). The complete lack of crop and the fine, light nature of the soil, had led to perfect archaeological visibility conditions through the 'winnowing' effect of the wind resulting in clearly visible, surface coarse components (including artefacts) where present. Of the 36 runs undertaken six (16.7%) contained artefacts, none of which were of archaeological significance.

Field 11/12

5.18 This comprised a sub-square area in the centre of the Site, the middle of the three areas of the fieldwalking survey. It comprised the east and west edges respectively of Fields 11 and 12, either side of a metalled farm track separating the fields. The area was located on the high ridge of the Site at *c*.61m (aOD) but dipped

gently down to the west. The crop coverage in the north-western part of the area over 22 (20m) runs was c. 80 -90% making the archaeological visibility very poor to poor. However, c.85% of the area had good archaeological visibility with little or no crop coverage. The soil was characterised by a light to mid brown, fine clayey sand with common angular and sub-angular limestone (<0.15m, mostly <80mm) and moderate plastic fragments throughout. Of the 156 runs undertaken 63 (40.4%) contained artefacts, of which only three findspots were of archaeological significance. These included a number of possible Roman cbm fragments (6/271g) including possible tegula roof tile fragments. Two sherds of 13th – 16th century pottery were recorded in the east and north of the field.

Field 12

- 5.19 As with Field 11 mentioned above, a separate area of Field 12 was also fieldwalked and comprised a triangular area of ground in the north-west of the Field, and designated 'Field 12'. It was demarcated by an area of hard-standing for farm use to the north and west and the south-eastern extent of the agreed fieldwalking area to the east and the south. This small, relatively flat area laid on the ridge at between *c*. 61 62m (aOD).
- 5.20 The soil was characterised by a mid brown friable and loose (fine) silty sand with common sub-angular and angular limestone (<0.15m, mostly <80mm). The moderate crop cover in the easternmost *c*.30m of the area resulted in moderate archaeological visibility, but was otherwise excellent. Of the 20 runs undertaken no artefacts at all were contained within the field.

Field 18/19

- 5.21 This sub-rectangular, north/aligned field was the largest and southernmost area of the three fieldwalking areas to be undertaken. It was defined by a field boundary ditch to the south, a woodland belt to the east, field boundaries and a farm track to the north and set-aside pasture to the west. The field contained two north-north-east/south-south-west aligned terraces along the mid-east and mid-west of the area although there was a general trend to dip gently down to the west. The eastern, higher side of the field lay at c. 52 53m (aOD) whilst the middle area lay between c. 41 45m (aOD) before dipping again to the lowest lying part at the western edge of the field at c.31 32m (aOD).
- 5.22 The soil was characterised by a mid brown fine sand, friable, loose, and with a 'powdery' consistency, containing occasional subangular and angular limestone (<0.15m, mostly <0.1m). The archaeological visibility was very good to excellent because of the relative lack of crop coverage and because of the light soil conditions and wind action 'winnowing' all coarse components, including artefacts at the surface.
- 5.23 Of the 554 runs within this fieldwalking area 35 runs (20.6%) contained artefacts of archaeological significance. The finds distribution from this field comprised the greatest number of archaeologically significant artefacts. These were spread evenly; across all but the southernmost third of the field, and were slightly more common in the lower-lying (western) part of the field (this latter aspect is probably from soil creep downslope over centuries of ploughing.
- 5.24 The field contained 9 of the 11 pieces of worked flint from the Site of probable Neolithic/Bronze Age date, most of which was débitage.

However, two flint scrapers (421, 1021) were recorded c.100m apart in the lower-lying part of the field. The flint distribution spread across the whole of the middle (east/west) of the field, from the high ridge to the east to the low-lying ground to the west with no significant patterning (Fig. 4).

- 5.25 A single sherd (60g) of Roman local greyware pottery was recorded from the north of the field (2001).
- 5.26 By far the greatest number of artefacts of significance from the field were 23 runs containing medieval pottery of 12th to 16th century date (23/194g) as well as 6 runs with 15th to 17th century pottery.

6. THE FINDS

Pottery

- 6.1 The fieldwalking project produced 156 sherds of pottery weighing 2319g (9.3% by weight of finds assemblage). The pottery derived from 110 runs and its condition varied depending on the sherds' date. In general, medieval and transitional sherds survive in moderately poor condition, with their surfaces often heavily abraded. By contrast, the later post-medieval and modern material survives in good condition. Despite the high degree of fragmentation of the pottery, the average sherd size per area is fairly high (15g per sherd), allowing substantial analysis and dating.
- 6.2 The pottery was quantified by fabric, count and weight with the assistance of x40 power magnification. The quantities were input directly on an Excel spreadsheet, which forms the archive catalogue and is presented in Appendix A. Few sherds of Roman

pottery were identified based on the National Roman Fabric Reference Collection (Tomber and Dore 1998). Post-Roman pottery was recorded and correlated with the Museum of North Lincolnshire fabric series (Boyle *et al.* 2018), and when available, vessel typologies were paralleled to Lincolnshire examples published in McCarthy and Brooks (1988). Later post-medieval pottery and fabrics that were not covered by the North Lincolnshire type series were recorded according to the East Anglian and Eastern England fabric series (Anderson 2004).

Roman

6.3 The Roman pottery consists of two sherds (84g) from Fields 10 (7303) and 18/19 (2001). They are both Holme-on-Spalding Moor reduced ware fabrics (HSM RE). Run 2001 produced a grey ware jar fragment and run 7303 produced a decorated grey ware sherd with two intersecting burnished lines. The exact date within the Roman period of such grey wares is unknown.

Medieval

- 6.4 Medieval pottery consisted of 27 sherds (397g) deriving from 25 runs. The assemblage consists of typical Lincolnshire glazed wares (LSW) and various medieval coarse wares (MCW). The Lincolnshire wares (LSW) can be subdivided in four local fabrics according to the North Lincolnshire type series (Boyle *et al.* 2018). Humber (HUM) wares (10/135g) are typically local and date between the 12th and 16th centuries AD. They resemble typical medieval Humber types and might not extend as late as the 16th century, perhaps with the exception of two examples.
- 6.5 In general, Humber wares are green glazed; however, two fragments from Field 18/19 (Runs 1522 and 2304) exhibit purple glazes and belong to Watkins' (1987) fabric 'Humber 4'. The glazes

of these fabrics show some similarities with Cistercian types and are likely to be transitional. North Lincolnshire Humber types (NLHT) form the majority of the medieval assemblage (6/167g). Such vessels are characterised by olive green glazes, although in the present assemblage most sherds are either unglazed or come from unglazed areas along the vessels' walls. Base sherds from this fabric come from typical cooking pots with sagging bases dating to the 13th and 14th centuries AD. A jar rim from Field 10 (Run 6703) comes from a Potter Hanworth type (McCarthy and Brooks 1988, 258, fig.148) and dates firmly in the early 14th century. A green glazed fragment from a bowl with square rim, also recovered from Field 10 (Run 7311), has been produced from local Humber clay. However, the typology of the vessel is closer to contemporary Norfolk and Yorkshire types.

6.6 Toynton medieval wares (TOY) are relatively rare (2/32g) but easily identified due to their coarser inclusions compared to the Humber wares. Their date range is between the 13th and 15th centuries AD. North Lincolnshire Coarse Wares (NLCW) are equally limited (4/45g). They are characterised by coarse sandy fabrics, which could form different Humber type variants or even coming from other local areas. Such sherds are usually covered with olive green glazes and their date range is between the 13th and 15th centuries AD. Finally, medieval grey, coarse wares (MCW), also known as miscellaneous medieval reduced wares (MEDX RE), form a small proportion of the assemblage (5/18g) and they could either be local or even imported from neighbouring regions.

Late medieval and transitional

6.7 Late medieval and transitional pottery consists of 30 sherds (576g) deriving from 27 runs. This pottery is the second most common in the assemblage and is formed by three fabrics. The majority is

Cistercian (CTW or CIST) types (22/428g), characterised by a distinct metallic purple/black glaze. In general, Cistercian wares are thin-walled and covered with high quality glaze on both surfaces; however, there are some larges types, mainly basin rims, which are glazed on their interior only (e.g. from Runs 7107, 7111 from Field 10, and 7920 from Field 11). Cistercian wares date firmly between the 15th and 17th centuries AD. Midlands purple wares (MIDP or MP) are relatively limited (7/131g). These characterised by a hard purple fabric, which is often vitrified, and some are covered in purple coatings or glazes. They date between the 15th and 16th centuries AD. Finally, a late Lincolnshire ware rim from a jug (LLSW) was recovered from Field 18/19 (Run 1814). The vessel's fabric associates with late Toynton wares (TOYII) and is contemporary with the Midlands purple wares (MP).

Post-medieval

- 6.8 Post-medieval pottery forms the majority of the assemblage and is contemporary with the CBM from the site. consists of 97 sherds (1262g) deriving from 64 runs. The postmedieval assemblage can be subdivided into two periods based upon their fabric. The early post-medieval wares date between the 16th and 18th centuries AD. They consist of local or imported glazed red earthenware types (GRE: 17/257g); late Lincolnshire glazed wares (LLSW) which are formed entirely by late Humber wares (LHUM) with distinct olive green glazing (10/339g), and a few Staffordshire types (STAF) with distinct yellowing brown glazes (4/45g). The latter sherds date to the late 17th and 18th century AD.
- 6.9 Late post-medieval pottery dating after the 18th century includes English stoneware types (ESW). Such stoneware (15/ 245g) could date between the 17th and 19th centuries AD; however, distinct

types of industrial jars and bottles, such as those from Field 5 (Runs 9605, 10104, 10214) and Field 4 (Run 10716), suggest that such fabrics are likely to date well into the 20th century. Typically late post-medieval fabrics include an industrial black ware (BLW) from Field 11/12 (Run 4306) and two pearl wares (PEW) from Field 3 (Run 5420) and Field 10 (Run 7306). These date between the late 18th and middle 19th century. The comprise a combination of refined red earthenware types (RRE), mainly bowls and flower pots (9/84g) as well as a large component (27/214g) of industrially produced, refined white earthenware types (RWE). The latter are primarily bowls, mugs, cups, teapots and an earthenware box from Field 4 (Run 10710). Finally there is a variety of transfer printed earthenware types, which are primarily plates with blue floral and oriental decorative motifs (12/69g), most of which are of 19th and 20th century date.

Ceramic Building Material

- 6.10 Ceramic building material forms the largest finds category recovered from the Site. It consists of 336 fragments of various types weighing over 19.8Kg and comprises 75.2% (by weight) of the whole finds assemblage from the fieldwalking survey. The material derived from 216 runs and it survives in moderate to poor condition, most of which highly fragmentary due to agricultural activities on the plough soil. Due to its quantity, CBM was rapidly assessed and quantified by fabric, type, count and weight. As most of it consists of non-identifiable fragments of post medieval date, it was discarded after quantification. Few selected pieces noted in the finds concordance table in Appendix A have been kept for future reference.
- 6.11 As noted in Table 1, almost three quarters of the CBM by weight is of post-medieval date, with very few pieces of possibly Roman or

late medieval-transitional date. The distribution of the CBM by fabric in Table 2 shows that almost half of the assemblage is made of fine sandy fabrics with no visible inclusions, a pattern that is noted in post-medieval CBM fabrication. The distribution of the material in Table 3 shows that over a third of the assemblage by count consists of unidentified types. Such fragments are either too small due to fragmentation of preserve no characteristic features that could assist in their identification. Over 20% of the identified types by count consist of modern bathroom tile fragments and 13.4% consist of post-medieval roof tiles. A characteristic late medieval transitional brick with glazed surfaces from Field 18/19 (Run 1706) matches the date of Cistercian (CTW) and Midland purple wares (MIDP). Still, most of the glazed CBM from the Site consists of salt-glazed drain pipes dating to the 20th century, such as those from Field 10 (Run 7118) and Field 4 (Run 10710). The earliest material from the Site consists of six possible tegula roof tile fragments of Roman date from the south-east of Field 11/12 (Run 4214). The pieces are heavily abraded and lacking their corners/flanges; therefore, it is also possible that they come from post-medieval flanged tiles, which often resemble tegulae.

Table 1. Quantification of CBM by period

Period	Count	Count %	Weight (g)	Weight %	
Roman?	10	3.0	436	2.2	
Lmed-pmed	21	6.3	2090	10.5	
Pmed	227	67.6	15033	75.6	
Pmed?	1	0.3	26	0.1	
Modern	77	22.9	2292	11.5	
Totals	336	100.0	19877	100.0	

Table 2. Quantification of CBM by fabric

Fabric code	Fabric description	Count	Count %	Weight(g)	Weight %
CSC	coarse sandy with chalk	1	0.3	59	0.3
fs	fine sandy	178	53.0	9464	47.6
fsc	fine sandy with chalk	2	0.6	10	0.1
fscp	fine sandy with clay pellets	7	2.1	315	1.6
fsfe	fine sandy, ferrous	3	0.9	168	0.8

	1				
fsfec	fine sandy, ferrous and chalky	1	0.3	5	0.0
fsg	fine sandy with grog	2	0.6	64	0.3
fsv	fine sandy and vesicular	12	3.6	2743	13.8
fsx	fine sandy with mixed clays	4	1.2	200	1.0
ms	medium sandy	18	5.4	1938	9.7
msc	medium sandy with chalk	6	1.8	71	0.4
	medium sandy with clay				
mscp	pellets	7	2.1	73	0.4
msfe	medium sandy, ferrous	8	2.4	1805	9.1
	medium sandy, ferrous with				
msfeg	grog	4	1.2	890	4.5
	medium sandy, ferrous with				
msfeqz	quartzite	1	0.3	44	0.2
msg	medium sandy with grog	4	1.2	777	3.9
msv	medium sandy and vesicular	2	0.6	28	0.1
	medium sandy with mixed				
msx	slays	2	0.6	77	0.4
rre	refined red earthenware	12	3.6	457	2.3
rwe	refined white earthenware	62	18.5	689	3.5
Totals		336	100.0	19877	100.0

Table 3. Quantification of CBM by type

Row Labels	Count	Count %	Weight (g)	Weight %
Brick	23	6.8	7601	38.2
Brick or Ridge tile	2	0.6	64	0.3
Brick?	12	3.6	372	1.9
Bathroom tile	70	20.8	701	3.5
Curved roof tile	10	3.0	472	2.4
Drain	5	1.5	397	2.0
Drain?	2	0.6	611	3.1
Flanged brick	1	0.3	284	1.4
Flanged tile	2	0.6	169	0.9
Floor tile	9	2.7	538	2.7
Late medieval-transitional brick	1	0.3	772	3.9
Nib tile?	1	0.3	7	0.0
Pan tile?	3	0.9	195	1.0
Pavement tile	2	0.6	655	3.3
Roman Brick or tile	1	0.3	127	0.6
Roof tile	45	13.4	3579	18.0
Roof tile or Drain	1	0.3	58	0.3
Roof tile?	15	4.5	488	2.5
Sanitary ware	2	0.6	96	0.5
Tegula?	6	1.8	271	1.4
Unknown type	4	1.2	100	0.5
Unidentified CBM	119	35.4	2320	11.7
Totals	336	100.0	19877	100.0

Fired Clay

6.12 A total of 17 fragments of fired clay (71g) were recorded from the Site, deriving from 16 runs. All fragments have similar fabrics to those explained in the CBM section (see above) and could possibly

be heavily abraded fragments of brick or tile. The material offers very limited information; it has been quantified in Appendix B and discarded, with the exception of a single piece (38g) of possible kiln furniture recovered from the south-east of Field 6 (Run 11205). This fragment has an unusually semi-cylindrical shape and is made of a coarse sandy and ferrous clay with limestone inclusions, which is unusual for CBM.

Flint

The fieldwalking survey recorded 11 pieces (36g) of worked flint in poor condition, which is derived from 10 runs in mostly Field 18/19 but also in the north of Field 10. The flint exhibits moderate degrees of patination and is heavily edge-damaged or broken. The most diagnostic types include two Neolithic-Early Bronze Age scrapers from Field 18/19 (Runs 421 and 1021). The scraper from Run 421 has secondary retouch all around its edges, backed by natural cortex. The second scraper from the field is a possible end scraper from Run 1021 c.100m from the first scraper. The latter has small retouch on its tip. Unfortunately, both tools are broken and have suffered severe edge damage, making their identification difficult. Also from the north-west of Field 18/19, a flake core with moderate patination and signs of soft hammer percussion, indicative of a Neolithic date, was recovered from Run 621. Finally, a flake with possible soft hammer percussion and retouch on the lateral side, which was recorded from the north of Field 10 (Run 6507), is likely to be of Bronze Age date. The only two possible late prehistoric flakes derived from Field 18/19 (Runs 1121 and 1605) both of which are broken and splintered.

Industrial waste

Coke

6.14 The Site produced 9 pieces of coke (56g) which derived from five runs. The material is associated with post-medieval industrial activities. It has been quantified and discarded.

Slag

6.15 Four pieces (208g) of slag in poor condition derived from four runs in Field 18/19 (216, 3302) and Field 11/12 (Runs 4213 and 4218). The material is fuel ash slag and the pieces from Runs 216 and 4218 are heavily vitrified, suggesting smelting activities in blast furnaces of post-medieval date. The material has been quantified and discarded.

Glass

6.16 The Site produced 20 fragments of glass in relatively good condition weighing 207g. The material derived from 17 runs and is all of post-medieval and modern date. More specifically, 6 fragments (122g) come from bottle or other vessel-type glass, and 14 fragments (85g) come from modern window glass of various colourations. A post-medieval jar-type vessel with iridescent coating from Field 18/19 (Run 223) was retained for future reference and the remaining material was disposed of.

Metalwork

Iron nails

6.17 The Site produced 7 iron nail fragments (51g) in poor condition, corroded though not heavily encrusted. All nails are industrial products with homogeneous circular sections and are modern in date. They have all been quantified and discarded.

Iron objects

6.18 The Site produced 18 iron objects (2434g) in relatively good condition, deriving from 17 runs. The fragments are post-medieval to modern in date and include horse shoes, iron plates and fittings from woodwork, nuts and bolts from modern machinery, chain loops and irregular iron lumps. Two runs from Field 4 (Run 10714) and Field 5 (Run 10212), produced a fragment from an iron mattock preserving half of its shaft and a complete pitchfork with two spikes. Such tools associate with relatively recent agricultural activities. All of the iron objects have been recorded and discarded.

Other metal objects

6.19 Field 11/12 (Runs 3916, 4301) and Field 10 (Run 6704) produced three pieces of aluminium weighing 109g. Such pieces associate with modern furniture. They have been recorded and discarded.

Other finds

6.20 The Site produced a variety of modern objects (21/384g), primarily plastic composites and stone. Such objects derived from 18 runs and most of them were associated with modern building activities. Bakelite and vinyl tiles, and some other plastic copolymers, were disposed immediately due to potential asbestos content.

7. DISCUSSION

7.1 The fieldwalking survey recorded over 19 Kg of artefacts of which most were of post-medieval and modern date and are of little archaeological significance. Only 4.4% by weight of the finds assemblage recorded from the survey is of archaeological interest and significance. These finds range in date from the Neolithic (4000 – 2400 BC) and Bronze Ages (2400 – 700 BC), the Roman (AD43 – 410), medieval (12th – L15/ E16th centuries) and early post-

medieval (L15/ E16th – 17th centuries) periods. Only 49 (3.6%) of the 1372, 20m runs from the whole survey contained archaeologically significant finds. By far the majority (36) of the significant finds are from Field 18/19 and comprise 9 of the 11 pieces of Neolithic/Bronze Age worked flint as well as runs that produced 12th to 16th century pottery.

- 7.2 The earliest material comprising 11 pieces of worked flint included mostly debitage (9 pieces) and two scrapers. These two tools were recorded c.100m apart in the lower-lying, western part of Field 18/19, situated in the south of the Site. The distribution and quantity of material does not indicate prolonged or intensive Neolithic and Bronze Age activity on the Site, despite the presence of two putative barrow ring-ditches in Fields 7 (Sumo Survey 2018) and 11/12 respectively (Pegasus Planning 2018). The low numbers and distribution are redolent of low-level prehistoric activity on the Site through short-lived episodic visits. The prevailing well-drained soils, the high ridge-top with extensive views, overlooking a watercourse, would have been an attractive landscape location for hunter-gatherers and farmers alike from the immediate post-glacial period.
- 7.3 No material of later prehistoric periods was recovered from the survey although a very small assemblage (2% by weight) of Roman pottery was recorded. This comprised locally-made greyware pottery (2/84g) from the north of Fields 10 and 18/19. A collection of possible Roman cbm (10/426g) was recorded from the southeast of Field 11/12 (Run 4214), some of which may be fragments of Roman roof tiles or *tegulae*. However, because of their abraded and fragmentary condition the fragments could easily be of postmedieval date.

- 7.4 As noted earlier, by far the greatest component of the archaeologically significant finds assemblage from the Site comprised 35 sherds/ 545g by weight of 12th to 16th century pottery, which totals 50% of the significant finds assemblage. The majority of the medieval pottery was recorded over Field 18/19, but also Field 10, to the immediate south of the Gokewell Priory exclusion area. The mean sherd weight (MSW) of the medieval pottery assemblage is 8.43g which is surprising if the material were within the ploughing horizon since deposition around the time of manufacture. The hardness of the pottery fabric may have had an effect on the rate and relative lack of attrition from physical and chemical processes. The MSW might also be a result of the particularly loose, 'powdery' nature of the soil, possibly resulting in less percussive damage from ploughing activity.
- 7.5 The date range of the medieval pottery, from the 12th 16th centuries, fits closely with the life span of Gokewell Priory. Founded in the 12th century, the priory was suppressed during the Dissolution of The Monasteries, between 1536 and 1541. In contrast, if derived from either of the two Deserted Medieval Villages (DMVs) nearby, either Manby to the immediate south or Raventhorpe c.1Km further to the south of the Site, the pottery series would perhaps not be expected to extend much beyond the mid-14th century, following the population crises of the first half of that century. However, the pottery chronology clearly continues until the post-medieval period (15th 17th centuries) but is mainly of 12th 16th century date.
- 7.6 There is no clear evidence from aerial photographic, LiDAR, cartographic, historical or geophysical sources/ surveys of the Site for medieval activity outside the Priory exclusion area, although two stockade enclosure cropmarks of possible medieval date are

noted from Field 18/19 (Pegasus Planning 2018; 7.30 LC TA8.1). The distribution and date range in particular of the medieval and early post-medieval pottery, would suggest the manuring of arable fields associated with the Priory, with waste material including broken pottery vessels, spread onto the fields. The manuring of arable fields with settlement waste is a widespread and well-understood aspect of agricultural land improvement seen in the medieval and other periods. Evidence for ridge and furrow cultivation is visible on historical aerial photographs of Field 18/19 (Pegasus Planning Ltd 2018; 7.30 LC TA8.1), confirming historic agricultural use of land surrounding the Priory.

- 7.7 By far the greatest quantity (91% by weight) of material collected from the current fieldwalking survey was post-medieval or modern in date and comprised various building and settlement/domestic waste with no archaeological significance.
- 7.8 Overall, the quantity of archaeologically significant material recovered during the survey was low, with no clear concentrations of artefactual material having been recovered.

8. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Chris Ellis, assisted by Izabella Jurkiewicz, Mark Davis, Ella Appleton and Charlotte Barley. The report was written by Chris Ellis. The finds reports were written and edited by Ioannis Smyrnaios and Peter Banks respectively. The illustrations were prepared by Tom Brown. The archive has been compiled by Emily Evans, and prepared for deposition by Hazel O'Neill. The project was managed for CA by Adrian Scruby.

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APPENDIX A: THE FINDS

Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
101	CDM				1	22	Imed-			V
121	CBM		msx		1	23	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
212	Fired clay		mscv		1	12		poor		Yes
212	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	18	15-17 c.	fair, glaze worn	interior metallic black glaze	No
212	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	3	16-18 c.	flake, abraded	splashed red glaze	No
212	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	8	16-18 c.	flaked, abraded	brown-red glaze	No
213	СВМ		mscp		5	45	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
213	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	79	16-18 c.	good	olive green glazed on interior	No
213	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	8	16-18 c.	graze worn	interior brown to amber glaze	No
214	СВМ		fs		1	8	pmed	moderate-poor	3	Yes
214	Pottery	Ciatoraian tuna wara	CTW	CIST	1	4	15-17 c.	fair	matallia black glazing	No
	,	Cistercian type ware			l				metallic black glazing	
214	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	4	16-18 c.	damaged glaze	incised; olive green glazed	No
214	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	34	16-18 c.	glaze worn	olive green glazed	No
214	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	48	16-18 c.	chipped, glaze worn	amber glaze with brown splashes	No
215	СВМ		fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
216	Industrial waste	Coke			1	5	pmed			Yes
216	Industrial waste	slag			1	10	pmed		vitrified blast furnace slag	Yes
217	СВМ	Brick	fscp		1	30	pmed	moderate-poor	corner fragment	Yes
217	СВМ	Brick	fs		1	981	pmed	moderate-poor	.,	Yes
218	СВМ		fs		1	7	pmed	moderate-poor		No
218	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	133	pmed	moderate-poor	curved; defective?	No
218	СВМ		msfe		1	30	pmed	moderate-poor	iron-rich encrustation	No
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
218	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	72	pmed	moderate-poor		No
218	CBM	Flanged tile	fs		1	127	pmed	moderate-poor	preserves flanged edge	No
218	CBM		mscp		2	28	Rom?	moderate-poor	p. 111. Too hangou bago	No
219	CBM		fs		3	16	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
219	СВМ		fscp		1	11	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat side	Yes

219	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	59	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
219	СВМ	Floor tile	fs		4	69	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
219	Fired clay		fsxg		1	10		poor		Yes
219	Glass	Bottle glass			1	26	pmed	P	black bottle glass	Yes
220	СВМ	3	fs		1	22	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
220	СВМ	Brick	fs		1	687	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
221	CBM	Brick	fs		1	27	pmed	moderate-poor	corner piece	Yes
	Industrial									
221	waste	Coke Medieval Lincolnshire			2	28	pmed			Yes
221	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLCS	1	25	12-15 c.	chipped		No
222	СВМ	Unknown type	ms		2	40	pmed	moderate-poor	rounded edge	No
		Medieval Lincolnshire						very poor,	, and the second	
222	Pottery	ware	LSW?	TOY?	1	12	13-15 c.	surfaces missing	knife cut base? jar rim/shoulder 100mm	No
223	Glass	Vessel glass			1	28	pmed		diam; iridescent	No
	5	Medieval Lincolnshire	1.0047							
223	Pottery	ware Medieval Lincolnshire	LSW	NLHT	1	39	13-14 c.	good	smoothed, slipped;	No
223	Pottery	ware	LSW	TOY	1	20	13-15 c.	good	pos.incised deco.on shoulder	No
316	СВМ		fsx		1	12	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
417	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		1	4	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
401	Film	£:				,	NEO DA	retouched,	200/	V
421	Flint	fine scraper	grey blue		1	6	NEO-BA	cortex backed	no patination, 20% cortex	Yes
514	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	9	15-16 c.	fair heavily edge	purple glazed	No
								damaged and		
519	Flint	flake	grey		1	3		broken	moderate patination	Yes
519	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	4	15-16 c.	fair	metallic purple glaze	No
520	CBM		fs	Fabric	1	43	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes Discarded
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
522	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	3	16-18 c.	poor, glaze worn	olive green glazed	No
524	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	8	15-16 c.	glaze worn	purple glaze	No
		Refined white								
524	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	8	18-20 c.	poor, cracked	grooved	No
612	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	14	15-16 c.	fair	purple glazed exterior	No
618	Pottery	Medieval coarse ware	MCW	MEDX R	1	5	13-15 c.	fair		No
621	Flint	core flake	blue		1	3	NEO	broken and edge damaged	moderate patination, 10% cortex	Yes
							Imed-			
802	CBM	Floor tile	fs		1	29	pmed	moderate-poor	spots of glaze	Yes

802	СВМ		ms		1	245	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
806	СВМ	Brick	fsv		1	896	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
807	Iron object	Iron object			1	293	pmed		horse shoe, complete, bent	Yes
808	СВМ		fs		3	39	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
818	СВМ		fs		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
907	СВМ		fsv		1	21	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
917	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	23	16-18 c.	poor, missing surface, glaze worn	interior brown/black glazed	No
1002	Other	Concrete			1	18	mod			Yes
1004	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	59	16-18 c.	good	olive green glazed interior; incised	No
1005	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW?	HUM	1	2	13-16 c.	poor, small	unglazed	No
1009	СВМ		fs		1	4	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1012	Other	Concrete			1	36	mod			Yes
1014	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW?	CIST?	1	13	15-17 c.	surfaces worn	metallic black glazing splash	No
1017	Pottery	Medieval coarse ware	MCW	MEDX R	1	6	13-15 c.	poor		No
1018	Pottery	Medieval coarse ware	MCW	MEDX R	1	5	13-15 c.	poor		No
1019	Iron object	Iron object			1	83			corroded and encrusted iron bar	Yes

Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
1021	Flint	and caranar?	grov		1	2	NEO-BA	broken and heavily damaged	light patination, 15% cortex,	Yes
1021	CBM	end scraper?	grey fs		1	5	pmed	posterior moderate-poor	retouch on edge	Yes
1022	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW?	HUM	1	9	13-16 c.	worn, ext.missing	unglazed	No
1114	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLHT	1	96	13-14 с.	glaze worn	knife cut base; interior glazed	No
1121	Flint	flake	grey blue		1	5	Lpreh	heavily splintered	no patination, 20% cortex	Yes
1501	CBM	Roof tile	fsx		1	90	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1501	CBM		fs		1	4	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1505	CBM		fsv		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1520	Fired clay		fsv		1	24		poor		Yes
1522	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	HUM	1	34	13-16 c.	good	small splash of purple glaze	No
1605	CBM		fs		1	7	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1605	Flint	flake	light brown		1	6	Lpreh	broken	no patination, 10% cortex	Yes

1610	СВМ	Curved tile	fs		1	39	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1613	СВМ	Roof tile	fscp		1	34	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4.00	2014						Imed-			.,
1623	CBM	Floor tile	fs		1	34	pmed	moderate-poor	amber glaze with brown	Yes
1623	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	33	16-18 c.	surface missing	splashes	No
1701	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		5	276	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1702	CBM		fs		1	32	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
							Imed-			
							r F	1		
1707	CDM	laka maadiaal badal.				770	e		A.v. sides aloned	No
1706	CBM	late medieval brick	msfe		1	772		moderate-poor	two sides glazed	No
1707	CBM	Roof tile	fsv	OLCT	1	1707	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1716 Run	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW Fabric	CIST Fabric	1	35	15-17 c.	good	interior metallic black glaze	No Discarded
No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
1717	Industrial waste	Coke			2	3	pmed			Yes
1717	Industrial	CORE				3	priled			163
1718	waste	Coke			2	2	pmed			Yes
1719	CBM		fsx		1	14	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1719	CBM	Drain?	fs		1	603	pmed	moderate-poor	encrusted with slag, coated	No
1720	СВМ		msv		1	10	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1720	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	23	15-17 c.	fair; exterior glaze worn	interior and exterior metallic black glaze	No
1723	CBM		fs		1	11	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1803	Glass	Vessel glass			1	1	pmed		bowl rim 70mm diam.	Yes
1814	CBM	Bathroom tile	rre		1	5	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
1814	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	TOYII	1	17	15-16 c.	fair	unglazed	No
1816	CBM		fs		1	9	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1817	CBM	Curved tile	fs		1	13	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1817	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLCS	1	4	12-15 c.	surfaces worn	glaze possibly missing	No
1824	СВМ		fs		1	11	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1913	СВМ		fsfe		1	16	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
1921	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMLOC?	1	13	17-19 c.	good	metallic brown glaze	No
1923	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		1	220	pmed	moderate-poor	.,	Yes
			LOC							
2001	Pottery	Local grey ware		HSM RE	1	60	Rom	fair		No
2011	Fired clay		ms		1	12		poor		Yes

		Medieval Lincolnshire								
2013	Pottery	ware	LSW	HUM	1	5	13-16 c.	fair		No
2201	Pottery	Medieval coarse ware	MCW	MEDX R	1	1	13-15 c.	poor		No
2210	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	11	15-17 c.	poor, abraded	interior metallic black glaze	No
							Imed-			
2215	CBM	Curved tile	fs		1	102	pmed	moderate-poor	edge survives	No
2219	СВМ	Roof tile	fs	_	1	80	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes

Run	Ī		Fabric	Fabric						Discarded
No.	Material	Description Medieval Lincolnshire	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	knife cut base; interior	(Yes/No)
2304	Pottery	ware	LSW	HUM	1	37	13-16 c.	fair	purple glazed	No
2305	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	59	15-16 c.	vitrified	purple glaze	No
2313	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	17	15-16 c.	fair	purple coated	No
2318	Pottery	Medieval coarse ware	MCW	MEDX R	1	1	13-15 c.	poor		No
2321	Flint	flake	chert		1	1		heavily edge damaged and splintered		Yes
2405	Flint	flake	white		1	2		broken, edge damaged	heavy patination	Yes
2410	Fired clay		fscp		1	6		poor		Yes
2504	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	5	16-18 c.	fair	olive green glazed	No
2510	Industrial waste	Coke			1	8	pmed			Yes
2525	Flint	flake	burnt		1	2		fire-cracked		Yes
2607	Pottery	Transfer printed earthenware	TPE	PXM	1	6	18-20 c.	chipped	pre-firing suspension hole, blue floral motif	No
2610	СВМ		fs		1	8	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2614	СВМ		fs		2	7	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2616	СВМ		fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2704	СВМ		fs		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2705	CBM		fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2705	CBM		fs		1	92	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2706	СВМ		fs		1	11	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2707	СВМ		fs		1	2	pmed	moderate-poor	chip	Yes
2710	СВМ	Curved tile	fs		1	19	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2711	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	HUM	1	8	13-16 c.	surfaces worn		No
2714	CBM	Curved tile	fs		1	51	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2714	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	9	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2717	Iron object	Iron object			1	43	mod		ring from pipe	Yes

2718	СВМ	Curved tile	fs		1	27	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2720	D-tt	Refined white	DWE	DMAY	1		10.00 -	£-!		N-
2720 Run No.	Pottery Material	earthenware Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	3 Wt.(g)	18-20 c. Spot-date	fair, worn Condition	Comments	No Discarded (Yes/No)
2722	CBM	Besonption	fs	- CONSONALINE	1	20	pmed	moderate-poor	Comments	Yes
2722 2723	CBM	Curved tile	fs		1	48	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2723 2724	CBM	Cui veu tile			1	16	1			Yes
2124	CDIVI		fscp		1	10	pmed	moderate-poor	curved piece with added flat	ies
3001	CBM	Unknown type	fsx		1	84	pmed	moderate-poor	top	No
3004	Iron object	Iron object			1	20	pmed		bolt	Yes
3204	Pottery	Transfer printed earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	12	18-20 c.	fair, cracked	blue floral decoration	No
3205	СВМ		fs		1	59	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3301	СВМ		fs		1	6	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
2222	ODM	D (11) 0			1		Imed-			
3302	CBM	Roof tile?	fsc		1	4	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
3302	CBM	Roof tile?	fs		1	6	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
3302	Fired clay Industrial		fsx		1	4		poor	+	Yes
3302	waste	Slag			1	48			fuel ash slag	Yes
3302	Pottery	Transfer printed earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	7	18-20 c.	flaked	blue floral decoration	No
3501	СВМ		fs		1	16	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3901	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	30	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3904	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3904	Other	Bakelite tile			1	6	mod		asbestos containing: disposed	Yes
3905	CBM	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor	uisposeu	Yes
3905	Other	Plastic vessel	1113		1	2	mod	moderate poor	lid, 60mm diam.	Yes
3907	CBM	Brick	fs		1	48	pmed	moderate-poor	na, semm aram	Yes
3911	CBM	D. Tok	fs		1	40	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3913	CBM		fs		2	10	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3914	CBM		fs		1	4	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3916	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	18	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
3916	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	10	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
3916	Metal		Alum.		1	5	modern		flat rectangular plate with screw hole	Yes
3918	Iron object	Iron nail			1	3	mod		54mm head and shank, bent	Yes
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
3921	СВМ	Brick or Ridge tile	msfeg		1	20	pmed	moderate-poor	perforated brick or ridge tile	Yes

3921	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	6	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
3923	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	26	mod	moderate-poor	ridged decoration	Yes
3923	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rre		1	14	mod	moderate-poor	white stripes on blue font	Yes
3950	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	14	16-18 c.	chipped, poor condition	exterior brown glaze	No
4001	СВМ	Pan tile?	fs		1	136	lmed- pmed	moderate-poor	2 flat surfaces at 120 degree angle	No
4002	CBM		fs		1	2	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat side	Yes
4003	СВМ		fs		1	10	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat side	Yes
4004	Fired clay		ms		1	1		poor		Yes
4006	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	8	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4006	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	13	18-20 c.	good		No
4006	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	17	18-20 c.	good	brown exterior	No
4007	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		2	65	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4007	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		2	59	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4008	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		2	13	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4009	Fired clay		ms		1	4		poor		Yes
4010	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	7	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4011	Other	Concrete			1	6	mod		thin concrete layer with clay mortar	Yes
4012	Pottery	Refined red earthenware	RRE	PMLOC?	1	1	18-20 c.	poor		No
4014	СВМ		fsv		2	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4015	СВМ		ms		1	8	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4015	Fired clay		ms		1	7		poor		Yes
4015	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	33	15-17 c.	fair	interior metallic black glaze	No
4016	СВМ	Roof tile	msfe		1	15	pmed	moderate-poor	almost vitrified	Yes
4016	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	14	17-19 c.	fair	exterior red slip	No

Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
4020	Iron object	Iron object			1	288	pmed		horse shoe, half	Yes
4021	Fired clay		ms		1	1		poor		Yes
4021	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	4	16-18 c.	very poor, glaze worn	interior glazed	No
4021	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	2	18-20 c.	fair	_	No
4021	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	7	18-20 c.	good		No
4023	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	2	16-18 c.	exterior flake	red glazed	No

4024	Fired clay		ms		1	9	1	poor		Yes
4106	CBM	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	8	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4106	CBM	Battii oom tiio	fs		1	28	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4106	Other	Vinyl tile	13		2	3	mod	moderate poor	asbestos containing: disposed	Yes
4116	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	3	mod	moderate-poor	light blue decoration	Yes
4211	СВМ		fs		1	2	pmed	moderate-poor	flat chip	Yes
4212	СВМ		ms		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4213	Fired clay		ms		2	13		poor		Yes
4213	Industrial waste	slag			1	8			fuel ash slag	Yes
4214	СВМ	Roman Tegula?	fs		6	271	Rom?	moderate-poor	could be FLGT	No
4214	Other	Bakelite tile			1	12	mod		asbestos containing: disposed	Yes
4214	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	14	17-19 c.	good		No
4218	Industrial waste	slag			1	142	pmed		vitrified blast furnace slag	Yes
4219	СВМ		ms		1	37	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4225	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	10	16-18 c.	fair, glaze worn	amber glaze with brown splashes	No
4301	CBM		fs		2	6	pmed	moderate-poor	flakes	Yes
4301	Metal		Alum.		1	74	modern		furniture leg	Yes
4303	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	8	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4303	СВМ		fs		1	12	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
4304	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rre		1	10	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4305	СВМ	Nib tile?	fsv		1	7	lmed- pmed	moderate-poor	2 flat surfaces at 150 degree angle	No
4306	CBM		fsv		1	3	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4306	Glass	Window glass			1	7	mod		translucent	Yes
4306	Pottery	Black ware	BLW	PMX	1	3	19-20 c.	good	black smooth coating	No
4310	СВМ		fs		1	3	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4313	СВМ		fs		2	60	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4314	СВМ	Brick or Ridge tile	msfeqz		1	44	pmed	moderate-poor	three semi cylindrical smoothed perforations	No
4322	Pottery	Midlands purple ware	MIDP	MP	1	20	15-16 c.	vitrified	purple? Glaze, now worn off	No
4402	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	HUM	1	5	13-16 c.	fair		No
4406	СВМ		fs		2	10	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4407	CBM	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	6	mod	moderate-poor		Yes

4407	Fired clay		ms		1	4		poor		Yes
4407	Other	Decorative stone			1	30	mod		Onyx?	Yes
4420	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	2	4	15-17 c.	poor, exterior missing	interior metallic black glaze	No
4424	Other	Rubber lining			1	99	mod		two iron nails attached	Yes
4502	СВМ		fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4505	СВМ		fs		1	22	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4507	СВМ		fs		1	11	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4508	СВМ		msx		1	54	lmed- pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4601	Iron object	Iron nail			1	2	mod		heavily abraded shank	Yes
4603	СВМ		fs		1	1	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4603	Other	Concrete			1	19	mod		one flat surface	Yes
4606	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	6	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
4606	СВМ		fs		1	33	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4607	СВМ		fs		1	6	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4607	СВМ	Curved tile	fscp		1	63	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
4610	СВМ	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	6	pmed	moderate-poor	silicone on side; number '09' marked on the back	Yes
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
	Material Pottery	Description Refined white earthenware			Ct .	Wt.(g)	Spot-date 18-20 c.	Condition chip	Comments	
No.		Refined white	Code	Concordance	Ct. 1		•		Comments incised rouletting	(Yes/No)
No .	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	Code RWE	Concordance	1	1	18-20 c.	chip		(Yes/No)
No . 4621 4812	Pottery Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE RRE	Concordance	1	1 12	18-20 c. 18-20 c.	chip good	incised rouletting	(Yes/No) No No
No . 4621 4812 5021	Pottery Pottery CBM	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware	RWE RRE ms	Concordance	1 1 3	1 12 203	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed	chip good moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments	No No Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile	RWE RRE ms	Concordance	1 1 3 1	1 12 203 11	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed	chip good moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile	No No Yes Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object	RWE RRE ms	Concordance	1 1 3 1 1	1 12 203 11 77	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed	chip good moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump	No No Yes Yes Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Iron object	RWE RRE ms rre	Concordance	1 1 3 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump	(Yes/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207 5209	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object Iron object CBM	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Iron object Pavement tile Transfer printed	RWE RRE ms rre fsfec	PMX PMX	1 1 3 1 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18 5	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump coated on both surfaces	Ves/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207 5209	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object Iron object CBM Pottery	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Iron object Pavement tile Transfer printed	RWE RRE ms rre fsfec TPE	PMX PMX	1 1 3 1 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18 5	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod pmed 18-20 c.	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor fair	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump coated on both surfaces	Ves/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No No
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207 5209 5210 5311	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object Iron object CBM Pottery CBM	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Iron object Pavement tile Transfer printed earthenware	RWE RRE ms rre fsfec TPE	PMX PMX	1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18 5	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod pmed 18-20 c. pmed	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor fair	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump coated on both surfaces blue floral decoration	Ves/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207 5209 5210 5311 5312	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object Iron object CBM Pottery CBM Iron object	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Iron object Pavement tile Transfer printed earthenware Iron object	RWE RRE ms rre fsfec TPE fs	PMX PMX	1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18 5 2 21 18	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod pmed 18-20 c. pmed pmed	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor fair moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump coated on both surfaces blue floral decoration curved plate with loop	Ves/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No No No Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207 5209 5210 5311 5312 5316	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object Iron object CBM Pottery CBM Iron object CBM	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Iron object Pavement tile Transfer printed earthenware Iron object Brick	RWE RRE ms rre fsfec TPE fs	PMX PMX	1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18 5 2 21 18 119	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod pmed 18-20 c. pmed pmed 18-20 c. pmed pmed pmed	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor fair moderate-poor moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump coated on both surfaces blue floral decoration curved plate with loop	Ves/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No No Yes Yes Yes
No. 4621 4812 5021 5203 5206 5207 5209 5210 5311 5312 5316 5321	Pottery Pottery CBM CBM Iron object Iron object CBM Pottery CBM Iron object CBM CBM CBM	Refined white earthenware Refined red earthenware Refined red earthenware Bathroom tile Iron object Pavement tile Transfer printed earthenware Iron object Brick Curved tile Refined white	RWE RRE ms rre fsfec TPE fs	PMX PMX PMX	1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 12 203 11 77 18 5 2 21 18 119 82	18-20 c. 18-20 c. pmed mod pmed 18-20 c. pmed pmed pmed pmed pmed pmed	chip good moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor fair moderate-poor moderate-poor moderate-poor	incised rouletting abraded fragments vitreous black glazed tile lump irregular iron lump coated on both surfaces blue floral decoration curved plate with loop	Ves/No) No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes

1		Refined white		Ī	1		İ	I		
5322	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	6	18-20 c.	good		No
5324	CBM	Roof tile?	fs		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
5404	CBM		fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
5405	CBM		fs		1	2	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
5414	Other	Plastic handle			1	2	mod		vessel or electric appliance	Yes
5420	СВМ	Brick	fs		2	141	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
							I.18-m.19			
5420	Pottery	Pearl ware	PEW	PMX	1	4		good	mocha ware	No
5715	СВМ		fs		1	14	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
		Medieval Lincolnshire			_	_				
5720	Pottery	ware	LSW	HUM	1	3	13-16 c.	poor	unglazed	No
5818 Run	CBM	Roof tile	fs Fabric	Fabric	1	37	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes Discarded
No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
6203	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		3	15	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6204	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	6	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6205	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	18	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
(205	Class	NA/:			1	0			greyish, translucent, car	V
6205	Glass	Window glass			1	12	mod		window	Yes
6208	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	12	mod	moderate-poor	decorated with golden	Yes
6218	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	16	mod	moderate-poor	ribbons	Yes
6302	CBM	Brick	msg		1	723	pmed	moderate-poor	industrial brick with triangular intercut	Yes
6314	CBM	Sanitary ware	rwe		1	34	mod	moderate-poor	triangular intereut	Yes
6316	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	32	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6317	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	5	mod	moderate-poor	decorated with blue ribbons	Yes
0317	CDIVI	Bath com the			1		mod	glaze probably	decorated with bide ribbons	103
6317	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE?	PMX?	1	38	16-18 c.	worn off	glaze possibly missing	No
6322	Fired clay		fscp		1	6		poor		Yes
6325	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	42	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6401	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	6	mod	moderate-poor	green floral decoration	Yes
6404	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	12	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6404	Pottery	Refined red earthenware	RRE	PMX	1	2	18-20 c.	fair	interior coated	No
6417	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	4	18-20 c.	fair		No
6418	CBM	Bathroom tite	rre		2	18	mod	moderate-poor	glue on the back	Yes
		Medieval Lincolnshire							g.23 611 1116 24010	
6418	Pottery	ware	LSW	NLHT	1	10	13-16 c.	good		No
6421	CBM		fs		1	1	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes

6422	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	4	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6501	СВМ	Floor tile	fs		1	36	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6501	CBM	Brick?	fscp		1	103	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat side	Yes
6504	Iron object	Iron nail			1	3	mod		42mm head and shank	Yes
6506	СВМ	Floor tile	fs		1	269	mod	moderate-poor	mortar on the back	Yes
6506	Iron object	Iron nail			1	9	mod		75mm head and shank	Yes
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
6507	Flint	flake	brown grey		1	2	BA?	heavily edge damaged and broken	5% cortex, retouch on back	Yes
6703	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLHT	1	5	13-14 c.	good		No
6703	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLHT	1	9	e.14 c.	fair		No
6704	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	9	mod	moderate-poor	pink decoration	Yes
6704	СВМ		fs		1	5	pmed	moderate-poor	•	Yes
6704	Metal		Alum.		1	30	modern		lump	Yes
6801	СВМ		ms		1	16	pmed	moderate-poor	•	Yes
6801	Other	Bakelite tile			1	1	mod	·	asbestos containing: disposed	Yes
6801	Other	Concrete			1	72	mod			Yes
6803	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	21	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6805	Other	Vinyl tile			1	2	mod		asbestos containing: disposed	Yes
6807	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		2	17	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6807	Glass	Window glass			1	11	mod		thick orange glass	Yes
6807	Glass	Window glass			1	5	mod		mirror glass	Yes
6807	Glass	Window glass			1	7	mod		translucent	Yes
6807	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLCS	1	10	12-15 c.	poor, glaze missing	olive green glaze segments on exterior	No
6808	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	6	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6808	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	18	mod	moderate-poor	strip of silicone on front	Yes
6808	СВМ		fs		1	8	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6809	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	12	mod	moderate-poor	glue on back side	Yes
6809	Glass	Window glass			2	11	mod		translucent	Yes
6810	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	4	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6810	Glass	Window glass			1	3	mod		translucent	Yes
6813	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rre		1	3	mod	moderate-poor	white exterior	Yes
6813	СВМ		fs		2	6	pmed	moderate-poor	flakes	Yes

6813	Glass	Window glass			1	3	mod		translucent	Yes
6815	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	9	mod	moderate-poor	glue on the back	Yes
6815	CBM	Bathroom tite	RWE		1	6	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6815	CBM	Drain	fsfe		1	53	pmed	moderate-poor		No
Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(q)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
140.	Waterial	Description	Oode	Concordance	01.	w.(g)	Imed-	Condition	Comments	(103/140)
6817	CBM	Roof tile	ms		1	106	pmed	moderate-poor	grey core	No
5817	Glass	Window glass			1	10	mod		double with metal mesh	Yes
6818	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	20	Imed- pmed	moderate-poor		No
5818	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	3	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6818	СВМ	Drain	fsfe		1	99	pmed	moderate-poor	ribbed interior	No
6819	CBM	Roof tile	fsv		1	9	Imed- pmed	moderate-poor		No
					1	4				
6819	CBM	Staffordshire type ware	rwe	PMX	1	15	mod	moderate-poor	vollowich brown glozo	Yes
6819 6820	Pottery	Staffordshire type ware Bathroom tite	rwe	PIVIX	1	17	I.17-18 c. mod	slip cracked moderate-poor	yellowish brown glaze	No Yes
	CBM				1	5				
6820 6820	Pottery	Bathroom tite Cistercian type ware	rwe	CIST	1	9	mod 15-17 c.	moderate-poor fair	interior metallic black glaze	Yes
6822	CBM	Roof tile	fs	0131	1	152	pmed	moderate-poor	Interior metallic black glaze	Yes
6824	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	47	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6911	CBM	Roof tile or Drain	fscp		1	58	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6913	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	24	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
6916	СВМ	Brick	fs		1	258	pmed	moderate-poor	corner piece	Yes
6916	СВМ	Brick	ms		2	450	pmed	moderate-poor	1 smoothed side	Yes
6917	СВМ		fs		1	219	pmed	moderate-poor	1 smoothed side	Yes
6922	СВМ	Floor tile	fs		1	101	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
6922	СВМ		fs		1	152	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7005	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	6	19-20 c.	good	green coating	No
7008	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	19	19-20 c.	good	stamped inscription "HILDYARDSALE & RETA[IL] RIT.MERCH[ANTS]GG	No
7013	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		2	49	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7015	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	21	15-17 c.	glaze worn	interior black glazed	No
7102	CBM	Roof tile	fsv		1	14	Imed- pmed	moderate-poor	<i>y</i>	Yes
1102	ODIVI	Noor tile	130		'	14	Imed-	moderate-poor		163
7102	CBM	Brick?	msc		4	31	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat side	Yes

Run			Fabric	Fabric						Discarded
No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
7102	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	5	15-17 c.	good	interior and exterior metallic black glaze	No
7103	Flint	flake	brown grey		1	4		broken on all edges	2% cortex	Yes
7106	СВМ		fs		3	5	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7107	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	5	15-17 c.	good	purple brown metallic glaze on both sides	No
7107	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	10	16-18 c.	glaze worn	interior brown glaze	No
7111	CBM		fs		1	3	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
7111	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	31	15-17 c.	good	interior black glazed, including exterior rim	No
7118	СВМ	Drain	msfe		1	50	pmed	moderate-poor	glazed drain	No
7118	СВМ		msv		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7118	Fired clay		CSV		1	20		poor		Yes
7118	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLCS	1	6	12-15 c.	poor, surfaces worn	glaze missing	No
7122	СВМ		ms		3	10	pmed	moderate-poor	flakes	Yes
7122	СВМ	Drain?	msfe		1	8	pmed	moderate-poor	thick coated drain	Yes
7210	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	3	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
7210	СВМ		fs		1	2	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7210	Other	Plastic			1	2	mod		vessel	Yes
7210	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	48	15-17 c.	glaze worn	worn purple metallic glaze on both sides	No
7210	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	7	16-18 c.	fair	yellowish amber glaze on interior	No
7214	СВМ		fs		1	14	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7214	Pottery	Late Lincolnshire ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	9	16-18 c.	glaze damaged	olive green glazed interior, brown glazed exterior	No

Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
			Fabric	Fabric						Discarded
Context	Class	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
7215	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		3	28	pmed	moderate-poor	flakes	Yes
7215	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		1	17	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7220	CBM		fs		1	4	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7220	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	11	16-18 c.	fair	interior amber glaze	No

7220	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMLOC	1	4	16-18 c.	glazed damaged	amber glaze on interior and exterior	No
7220	Pottery	Staffordshire type ware	STAF	PMX	1	8	I.17-18 c.	good	yellowish brown glaze	No
7225	Other	Vinyl tile			1	4	mod		asbestos containing: disposed	Yes
7225	Other	Plastic handle			1	3	mod		from home appliance or toy	Yes
7301	Other	Decorative stone			1	5	mod		Onyx	Yes
7302	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	4	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
7302	Glass	Window glass			1	8	mod		rhomboid incision decorated	Yes
7303	СВМ	Brick	rwe		1	5	mod	moderate-poor	red floral decoration	Yes
7303	Iron object	Iron object			1	280	pmed		horse shoe, half	Yes
, 000		Medieval Lincolnshire				200	pilled		nerse snee, nan	.00
7303	Pottery	ware	LSW	HUM	1	19	13-16 c.	fair	splashes of olive green glaze	No
7303	Pottery	Local grey ware	LOC GR	HSM RE	1	24	Rom	good	burnished lines	No
7306	Glass	Window glass			1	2	mod		whitish	Yes
7306	Pottery	Pearl ware	PEW	PMX	1	2	I.18-m.19	noor chinnod	light bluish glaze	No
	,			PIVIX	1	5	C.	poor, chipped	light bluish glaze	
7307	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1		mod .	moderate-poor		Yes
7307	Glass	Window glass			1	5	mod		translucent, waved	Yes
7311	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	11	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
7311	Pottery	Medieval Lincolnshire ware	LSW	NLHT	1	8	13-14 c.	good	olive green glaze on exterior	No
		Glazed red						part of glaze		
7311	Pottery	earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	26	16-18 c.	missing	lustrous brown-red glaze	No
7311	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	2	16-18 c.	good	lustrous brown-red glaze with brown lines	No
			Fabric	Fabric						Discarded
Run No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
7311	Pottery	Staffordshire type ware	STAF	PMX	2	22	I.17-18 c.	fair	yellowish brown glaze	No
					_	_			interior and exterior metallic	
7312	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	3	15-17 c.	chipped	black glaze	No
7317	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	29	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7805	CBM	Bathroom tite Refined white	rwe		1	9	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
7819	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	5	18-20 c.	good		No
7820	СВМ	Brick?	fs		1	34	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7820	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	9	15-17 c.	poor, exterior missing	interior metallic black glaze	No
7020	rottery	Refined white	CTVV	CIST		7	13-17 C.	missing	interior metallic black glaze	INU
7820	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	6	18-20 c.	good		No
7920	CBM	Roof tile	fs		2	39	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
7920	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	1	71	15-17 c.	fair; glazed damaged	interior black glazed, including exterior rim	No

8010	СВМ	Brick?	fsc		1	6	pmed	moderate-poor	corner piece	Yes
		Transfer printed								
8010	Pottery	earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	6	18-20 c.	flaked	blue floral decoration	No
8205	CBM		fs		1	3	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
8618	CBM	Bathroom tite	rre		1	29	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
8725	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	8	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
8818	Iron object	Iron nail			1	6	mod		bent nail, complete, 100mm id straightened	Yes
8819	Iron object	Iron nail			1	4	mod		head and shank, 44mm	Yes
8819	Iron object	Iron object			1	250	mod		propeller	Yes
8821	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	18	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
8917	Iron object	Iron object			2	65	pmed		axles with nuts	Yes
8917	Pottery	Glazed red earthenware	GRE	PMX	1	20	16-18 c.	exterior worn	interior glazed	No
8921	Glass	Bottle glass			1	7	mod		green	Yes
8923	CBM	Bathroom tite	rre		1	14	mod	moderate-poor	giorni	Yes
8923	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	5	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
		Refined red		DMV						
8925	Pottery	earthenware	RRE Fabric	PMX Fabric	1	13	18-20 c.	burnt		No Discarded
Run No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
9025	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	9	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
9416	СВМ	Brick?	fs		2	58	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat surface	Yes
9416	CBM		msg		1	10	Rom?	moderate-poor		Yes
9518	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	16	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
9519	Iron object	Iron object			1	186			horse shoe, half	Yes
9520	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	3	mod	moderate-poor	glue on back	Yes
9523	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	14	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
9525	Glass	Bottle glass			1	56	mod		neck/rim with plastic stopper	Yes
9603	Iron object	Iron object			1	119			two chain rings	Yes
0/05	CDM	Dathara and title			1	10			ribbed decoration; glue on	V
9605	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe	DVM	1	12	mod	moderate-poor	back	Yes
9605	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PXM	1	10	19-20 c.	good	G I	No
9619	CBM	D : 10	fs		1	2	pmed	moderate-poor	flake	Yes
9621	CBM	Brick? Medieval Lincolnshire	msfe		1	60	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
9622	Pottery	ware	LSW	HUM	1	13	13-16 с.	good		No
9713	СВМ		fs		2	14	pmed	moderate-poor	flakes	Yes
9714	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	26	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
9715	СВМ		msg		1	18	pmed	moderate-poor	1 flat side	Yes

9715	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		1	24	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
9715	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		1	17	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
9715	СВМ	Pan tile?	fs		1	14	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
9719	СВМ	Pan tile?	fs		1	45	pmed	moderate-poor		No
10104	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	56	19-20 c.	good	green coating	No
10104	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	6	19-20 c.	good	white, ribbed	No
10104	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	16	19-20 c.	good	brown coating, flower stamps	No
10110	СВМ	Roof tile	fs		1	19	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10110	Iron object	Iron object			1	47			metal plate	Yes
10110	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PXM	1	34	20 c.	good		No
10115	СВМ	Curved tile	fs		1	28	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
D N.	N4 - 4 : - !	Description	Fabric	Fabric	<u></u>)A/4 ()	C+ -	0	2	Discarded
Run No.	Material	Description Refined white	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot-date	Condition	comments silver band on exterior rim;	(Yes/No)
10115	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	12	18-20 c.	good	rippled surfaces	No
		Refined white						,		
10115	Pottery	earthenware Refined white	RWE	PMX	1	12	19-20 c.	good	white, ribbed	No
10115	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	4	19-20 c.	good	white, ribbed	No
10115	Pottery	Transfer printed earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	3	20 c.	chipped	black floral decoration on both sides	No
10119	СВМ	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	11	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
10119	Glass	Bottle glass			1	4	mod		translucent	Yes
10120	Pottery	Transfer printed earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	3	18-20 c.	good	blue floral decoration	No
10120	Pottery	Refined white earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	3	18-20 c.	good		No
10125	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	84	mod	moderate-poor		Yes
10201	CBM	Brick	fs		1	85	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10201	CBM	Roof tile	fs		1	74	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10201	CBM	Brick	fs		1	985	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10202	CBM	Roof tile?	fs		1	46	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10203	CBM	Brick	fs		1	85	pmed	moderate-poor	corner piece	Yes
							Imed-		TTTTT Proof	
10206	CBM	Pavement tile	ms		1	650	pmed	moderate-poor	corner piece	No
10206	CBM	Drain	msfeg		1	40	pmed	moderate-poor		No
10206	CBM	Brick	fs		1	290	pmed	moderate-poor	2 opposite flat sides	Yes
10206	CBM		fs		3	74	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10206	CBM	Roof tile	fs		2	80	pmed	moderate-poor		Yes
10206	Iron object	Iron nail			1	24	mod		thick nail with head, bent	Yes

								exterior surface	black metallic glaze on	
10206	Pottery	Cistercian type ware	CTW	CIST	2	10	15-17 c.	missing	interior	No
		Refined red								
10206	Pottery	earthenware	RRE	PMX	1	4	18-20 c.	fair		No
		Transfer printed							blue floral decoration; wavy	
10206	Pottery	earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	7	19-20 c.	good	rim tip	No
		Refined white								
10206	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	3	19-20 c.	good	wavy rim tip	No

Run No.	Material	Description	Fabric Code	Fabric Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	Spot- date	Condition	Comments	Discarded (Yes/No)
		Refined white				107			blue on yellow band on	,
10206	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	11	20 c.	good	interior	No
								moderate-		
10208	CBM	Brick	fs		1	31	pmed	poor	flat corner	Yes
								moderate-		
10212	CBM	Bathroom tite	rre		1	6	mod	poor	shades or red colour	Yes
10212	Iron object	Iron object			1	249	pmed		flat part of mattock with shaft hole	Yes
		Refined white								
10212	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	13	19-20 c.	good		No
10213	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PXM	2	23	19-20 c.	good	one with vertical lines	No
10214	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	22	19-20 c.	good	vertical ridges	No
10215	Iron object	Iron object			1	198	pmed		iron plate with three nails going through wooden board	Yes
								moderate-		
10216	CBM	Brick	msfe		1	586	mod	poor	inscribed 'E'	No
10216	Pottery	Transfer printed earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	4	18-20 c.	good	blue floral decoration; rippled surfaces	No
		Refined white							two blue bands on	
10225	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	6	20 c.	good	interior	No
10404	CBM		fo		1	8	nmad	moderate-	1 flat surface	Yes
10404	CBIVI		fs		1	8	pmed	poor moderate-	That Surface	res
10405	CBM	Bathroom tite	rwe		1	5	mod	poor		Yes
10403	CDIVI	Datin com tite	TVVC		'	<u> </u>	mod	moderate-		103
10405	СВМ	Roof tile?	fs		1	46	mod	poor		Yes
, , , , , ,		Cistercian type			-				interior metallic black	
10405	Pottery	ware	CTW	CIST	1	40	15-17 c.	good	glaze	No
10405	Dattary	Cistercian type	CTM2	CICTA	1	25	15 17 0	very poor,	small segment of metallic black glaze on	No
10405	Pottery	ware	CTW?	CIST?	1	35	15-17 c.	glaze missing	interior	No
10501	Other	Concrete			1	54	mod		vitrified paving product	Yes
10501	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	14	17-19 c.	fair		No

10610	СВМ	Roof tile	fs	1	44	pmed	moderate-		Yes
10010	CDIVI	Kooi tile	13	1	44	priied	poor moderate-		162
10615	CBM	Flanged tile	fsq	1	42	pmed	poor		No
		J				1	moderate-		
10701	CBM		fs	1	12	pmed	poor		Yes
							moderate-		
10705	CBM	Roman Brick or tile	fs	1	127	Rom?	poor	1 flat side	Yes
						Imed-	moderate-		
10710	CBM	Brick?	CSC	1	59	pmed	poor		No
							moderate-		
10710	CBM	Flanged brick	msfe	1	284	pmed	poor		No
							moderate-		
10710	CBM	Roof tile	fsv	2	63	pmed	poor	1 with burnt surface	No
							moderate-		
10710	CBM	Drain	ms	1	155	pmed	poor	ribbed interior	No

Run	NA - 4 1	D	Fabric	Fabric	01	M44 (-2)	Spot-	0	2	Discarded
No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
10710	Pottery	Refined red earthenware	RRE	PMX	1	7	18-20 c.	good	brown metallic glaze	No
10710	Follery	Refined red	KKL	LINIV	+ '	+ '	10-20 C.	good	brown metallic glaze	INO
10710	Pottery	earthenware	RRE	PMX	1	10	18-20 c.	good	smoothed	No
		Transfer printed							blue oriental decoration:	
10710	Pottery	earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	8	18-20 c.	good	wavy rim tip	No
		Refined white								
10710	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	2	18-20 c.	good		No
		Transfer printed								
10710	Pottery	earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	1	18-20 c.	good	blue floral decoration	No
		Refined white							blue painted decoration	
10710	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	10	18-20 c.	good	on relief	No
									pink interior; exterior	
		Refined white							with green and purple	
10710	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	8	19-20 c.	good	line	No
	Iron								complete twin pitchfork	
10714	object	Iron object			1	200	pmed		with shaft	Yes
10714	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	15	17-19 c.	good		No
		Refined red								
10714	Pottery	earthenware	RRE	PMX	1	24	18-20 c.	good	brown metallic glaze	No
		Refined white							-	
10714	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	6	18-20 c.	good		No
		Refined white								
10714	Pottery	earthenware	RWE	PMX	1	12	18-20 c.	good		No
10715	Glass	Window glass			1	5	mod		Ridged	Yes

									asbestos containing:	
10715	Other	Roofing			1	8	mod		disposed	Yes
		Transfer printed								
10715	Pottery	earthenware	TPE	PMX	1	10	18-20 c.	fair	blue decoration	No
								moderate-		
10716	CBM	Bathroom tile	rre		1	3	mod	poor	blue decoration	Yes
		Late Lincolnshire								
10716	Pottery	ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	9	16-18 c.	glaze worn	olive green glazed	No
10716	Pottery	English stoneware	ESW	PMX	1	17	17-19 c.	good		No
								moderate-		
10717	CBM	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	3	mod	poor		Yes
								moderate-		
10722	CBM	Roof tile?	msg		1	26	pmed?	poor	heavily abraded	Yes
		Late Lincolnshire								
10722	Pottery	ware	LLSW	LHUM	1	123	16-18 c.	good	green/brown glaze	No
								moderate-		
10918	CBM	Brick	rre		1	344	mod	poor	perforated brick	Yes
40005	5	Refined red	555	5.44						
10925	Pottery	earthenware	RRE	PMX	1	11	18-20 c.	good		No
Run			Fabric	Fabric	١		Spot-			Discarded
No.	Material	Description	Code	Concordance	Ct.	Wt.(g)	date	Condition	Comments	(Yes/No)
11000	CDM		c -			27		moderate-		
11202	CBM		fs		1	37	pmed	poor		Yes
11205	Fired clay		cslife		1	38		poor	possible kiln furniture	No
								moderate-		
11501	CBM	Bathroom tile	rwe		1	6	mod	poor		Yes
								moderate-		
11502	CBM	Bathroom tile	rwe		2	19	mod	poor		Yes

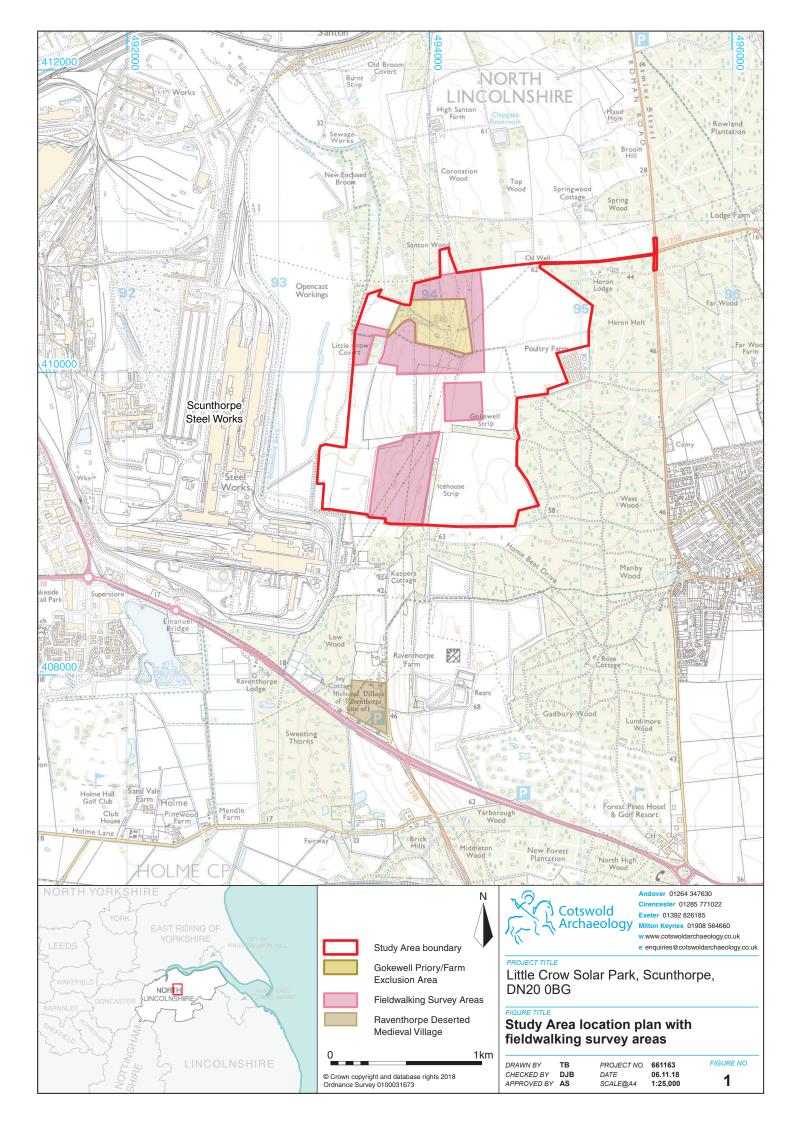
APPENDIX B: OASIS REPORT FORM

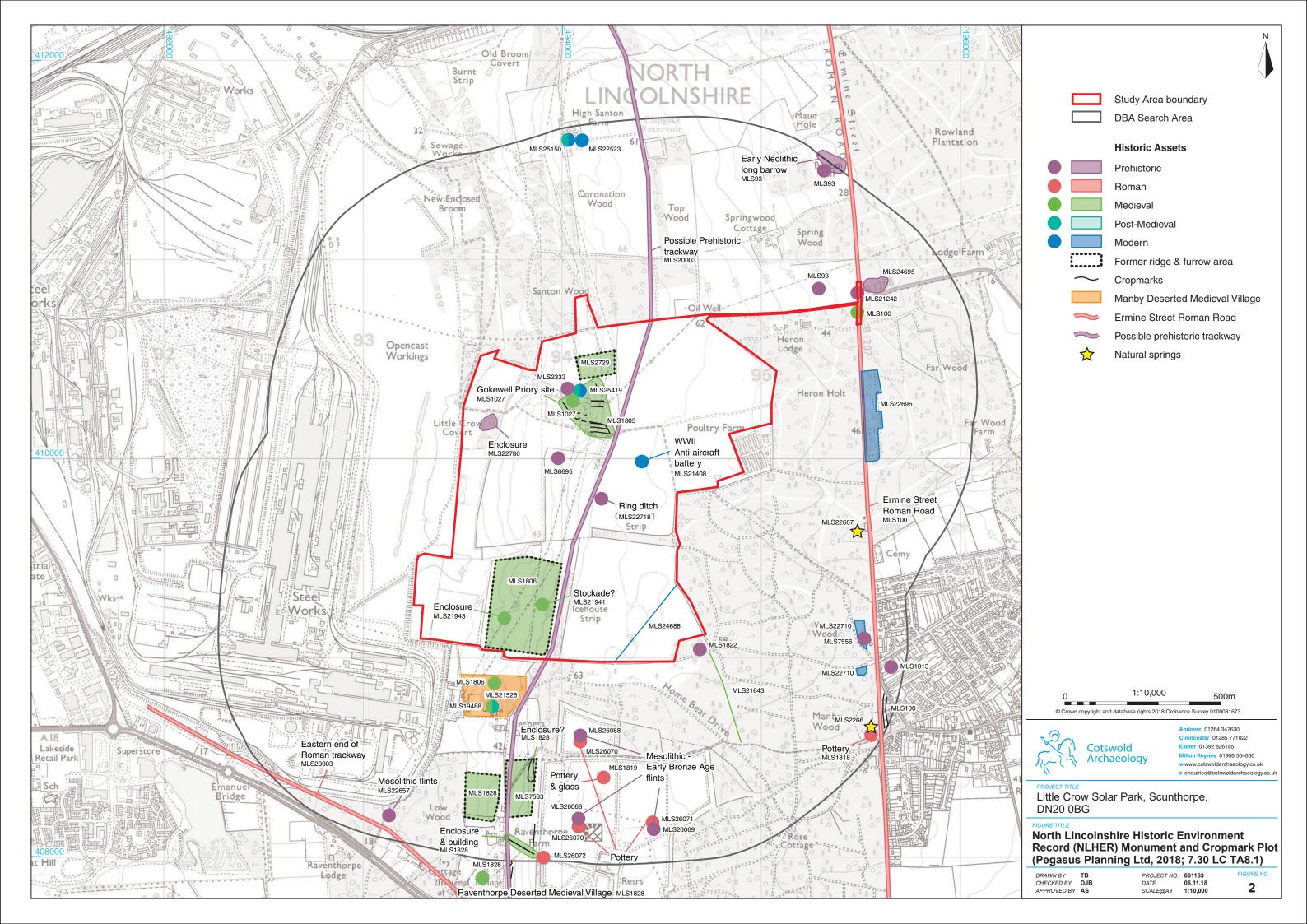
Project Name	Little Crow Solar Park, Scunthorpe, DN20 0BG: Archaeological Fieldwalking Survey
Short description	An archaeological fieldwalking survey was undertaken by
	Cotswold Archaeology in September 2018 on land at
	Santon, Scunthorpe. The fieldwalking was undertaken to
	inform the heritage chapter of an Environmental
	Statement to support a Development Consent Order
	application for a proposed solar PV array to be known as
	Little Crow Solar Park. Fieldwalking was undertaken across
	three areas totalling c.53.25 Ha, a 24.4% sample by
	area of the 225Ha Order Limits area. The survey
	recorded over 19 Kg of artefacts of which most were of
	post-medieval and modern date and are of little
	archaeological significance. Only 4.4% by weight of the
	finds assemblage recorded from the survey is of
	archaeological interest and significance and only 49, or
	3.6%, of the 1372, 20m runs from the survey
	contained archaeologically significant finds. By far the
	majority of the significant finds were from the south of
	the site and comprise nine of the 11 pieces of Neolithic/
	Bronze Age worked flint that were recovered, as well as
	23, or 74%, of the 31 runs that produced 12th to 16th
	century pottery. A very small assemblage, 2% by
	weight, of Roman material recorded. This
	comprised locally-made greyware pottery from the
	north and south areas of the site. A small collection
	of possible Roman ceramic building material, weighing
	426g, was recorded from the south-central area of the
	site. Some may be fragments of Roman roof tiles
	or tegulae. However, because of their abraded and
	fragmentary condition the fragments could easily be of
	post-medieval date. By far the greatest component of
	the archaeologically significant finds assemblage from
	the site comprised 35 sherds of 12th to 16th century
	pottery, which totals 50% of the archaeologically
	significant finds assemblage. The majority of the
	medieval and early post-medieval pottery was
	recorded from the southern part of the
	proposed development area, but also to a lesser

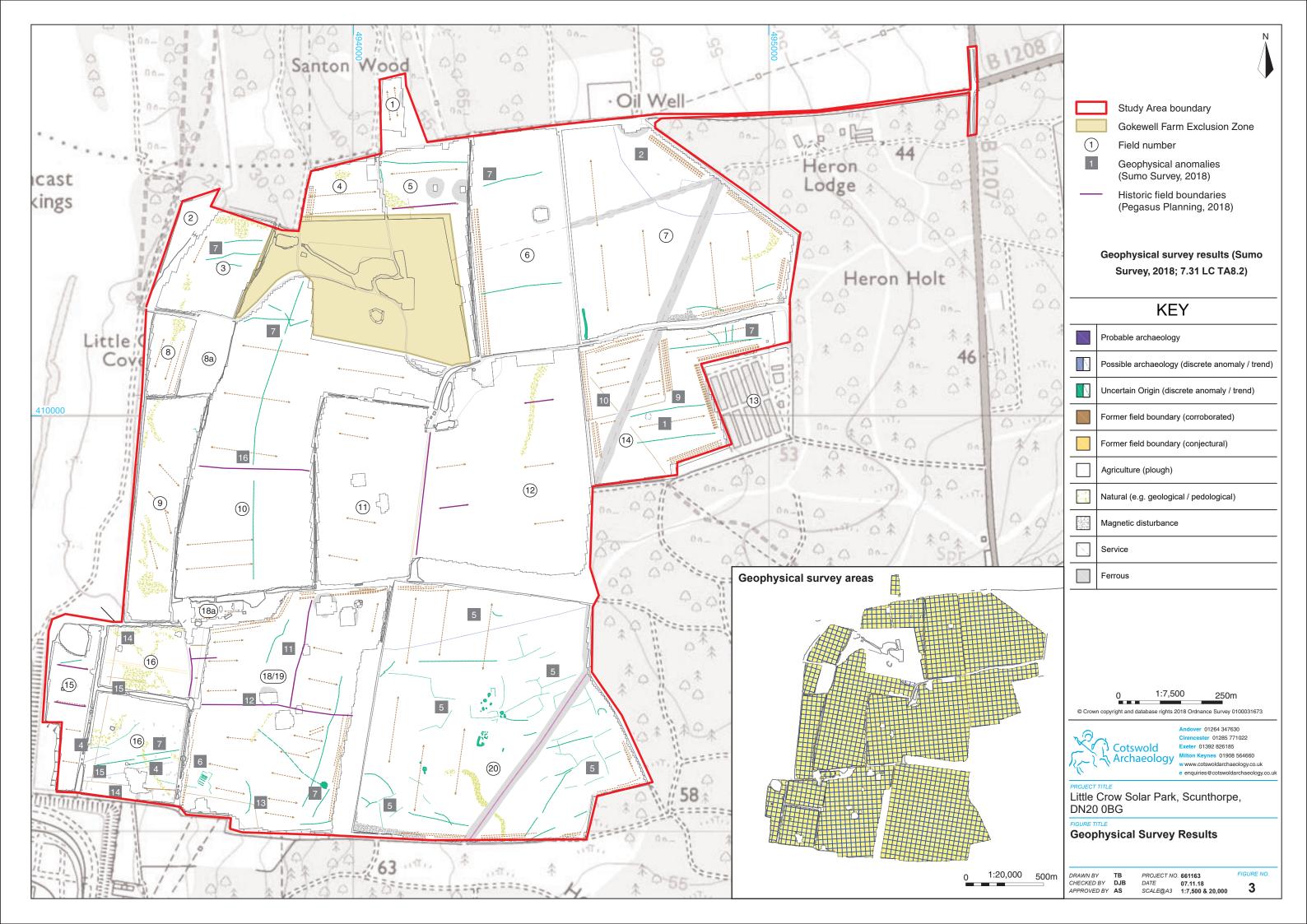
degree to the immediate south of the site of Gokewell Priory, a Cistercian holding established in the 12th century and

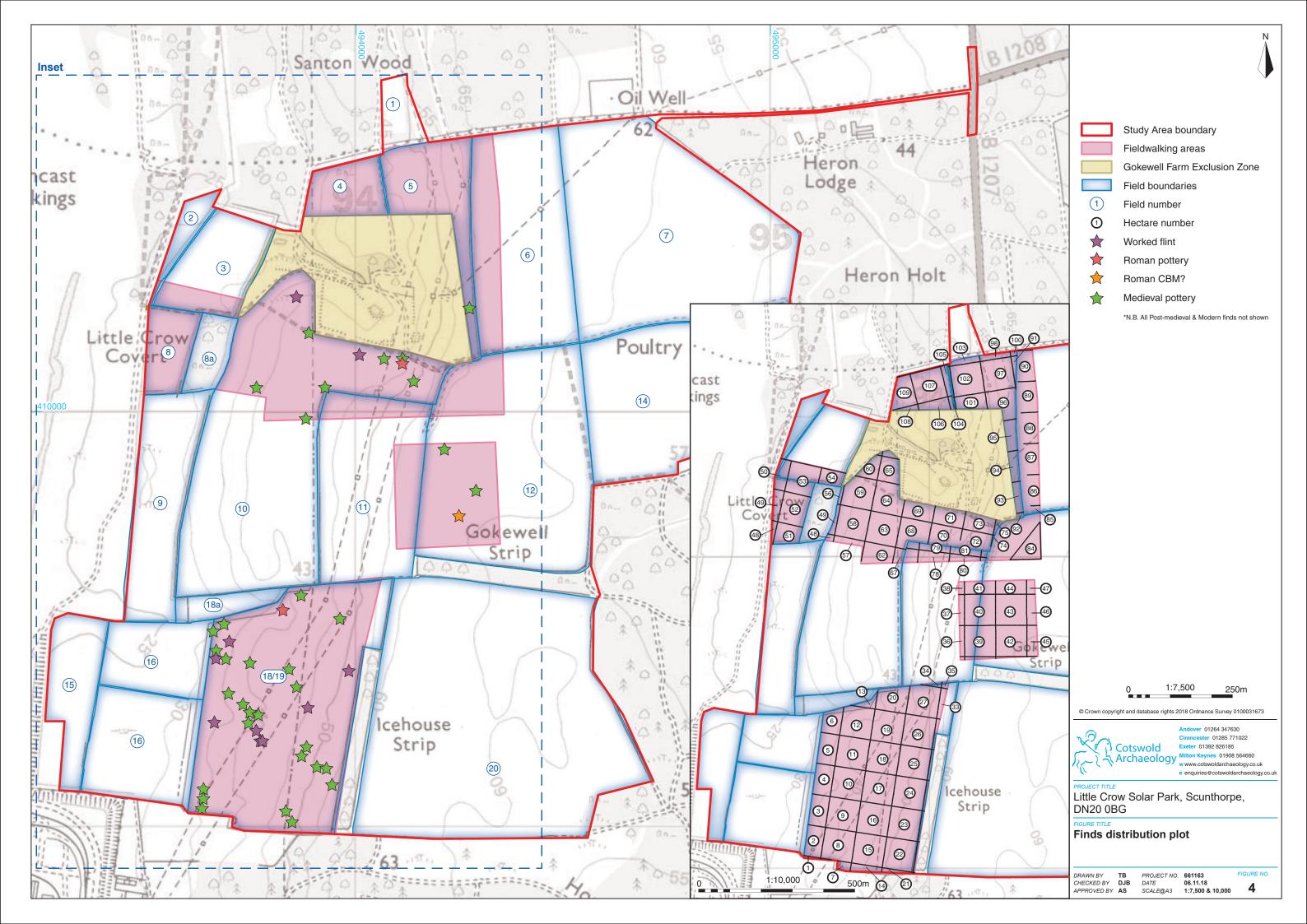
	suppressed at The Dissolution of the Monasteries between					
	1536 and 1541. The date range of the medieval and early					
	post-medieval pottery fits closely with the life span of the					
	Priory and these material spreads are probably derived					
	from the manuring of arable fields. The greatest quantity,					
		91% by weight, of material collected from the current				
	fieldwalking survey was post-medieval or modern in date					
	and comprised various building and settlement/domestic					
	waste with no archaeological significance. Overall, the					
	quantity of archaeologically significant material recovered					
	during the survey was low, with no clear concentrations of					
	artefactual material having been red	artefactual material having been recovered.				
Project dates	10 – 21 September 2018					
Project type	Fieldwalking survey					
Previous work	Desk based assessment and Earth	work Survey (Pegasus				
	Planning Ltd 2018)	3 (3				
	Geophysical survey (Sumo Geophys	ics Ltd 2018)				
Future work	Unknown					
PROJECT LOCATION						
Site Location	Little Crow, Santon, Scunthorpe, North Lincolnshire					
Study area (M²/ha)	53.25					
Site co-ordinates	494064 410261					
PROJECT CREATORS						
Name of organisation	Cotswold Archaeology					
Project Brief originator	North Lincolnshire Council					
Project Design (WSI) originator		Cotswold Archaeology				
Project Manager	Adrian Scruby					
Project Supervisor	Chris Ellis					
MONUMENT TYPE	None					
SIGNIFICANT FINDS	Neolithic/Bronze Age worked flint, pottery	Roman and medieval				
PROJECT ARCHIVES	North Lincolnshire Museums Service	Content				
Physical		Worked flint, pottery,				
		cbm, fired clay, glass,				
		iron, copper alloy and				
		aluminium objects,				
		industrial waste				
Paper		Fieldwalking Records,				
		Registered artefact				
		register,				
		Photographic register				
Digital		Finds database,				
		digital photos, survey data				
BIBLIOGRAPHY		uata				
DIDLIOGRAFIII						

CA (Cotswold Archaeology), 2018. Little Crow Solar Park, Scunthorpe, DN20 8BG: Archaeological Fieldwalking Survey. CA typescript report 18971











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